

EIGHTH YEAR.

A NEW AND A CORRECT HISTORY OF THE AMERICAN  
REVOLUTION CONTINUED IN THIS NUMBER

PRICE, 10 CENTS

# THE BRITISH CALIFORNIAN

Sept. 1904

REPRESENTATIVE PAPER OF 95,000 BRITISH-BORN RESIDENTS OF CALIFORNIA  
OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE BRITISH SOCIETIES.



THE IMPERIAL INSTITUTE, LONDON, ENGLAND.

The British-Californian Publishing Co.

927 MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

New York Office: The Fisher Special Agency, 150 Nassau St.

London Office: Smith's Newspaper Agency



B.

100 FLEET STREET



## ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY

Transacts the Largest Fire Insurance Business of any Company in the World. Funds Over \$53,000,000.00  
**ROLLA V. WATT, Manager Pacific Coast Department**  
 Royal Insurance Building, Pine and Sansome Sts., S. F.

## Pacific Saw Manufacturing Co.

110-116 BEALE ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.



Saws and Machine Knives of Every Description On Hand, or Made to Order. Sole Manufacturers of the Hatch Pruning Saw.

## Fire and Accident Insurance Royal Exchange Assurance OF LONDON

Assets exceed \$25,000,000 Losses Paid, \$189,000,000  
**FRANK W. DICKSON, Manager**  
 501 Montgomery Street San Francisco

## THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

WITH WHICH IS AMALGAMATED  
**THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA**  
 HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO.  
 London office, 60 Lombard Street, E. C. New York office, 16 Exchange Place.  
 Paid-up Capital, - \$8,700,000. Reserve Fund, - \$3,000,000.  
 AGGREGATE RESOURCES OVER \$70,000,000.  
 Branches of the Bank: British Columbia, 12; Yukon Ter., 2; Manitoba and N. W. T., 18; Eastern Canada, 65; United States, 5.  
 SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE, COR. CALIFORNIA AND SANSOME STS.

## Pacific Storage Warehouse

Telephone JACKSON 281 FRANK BARKER, Proprietor  
 Office & Warehouse, 2316-2320 FILLMORE STREET  
 FURNITURE, PIANOS, TRUNKS, ETC., STORED.  
 N.B.—First-class wagons and experienced men to move, pack and ship your household effects to any part of the World at low rates.

## The Improved Davis VERTICAL FEED Sewing Machines

Also good Second-hand Machines of other makes, cheap. All kinds Repaired and Guaranteed. Telephone Brown 773.

**W. E. JACKSON**  
 612 Montgomery St., near Clay, San Francisco  
 BOOKS, OLD AND NEW. Libraries Bought. School Books

## HOLMES BOOK CO.

SAN FRANCISCO STORES  
 731-733 Mission Street 1149 Market St.  
 Los Angeles Store, 257 S. Main Street

## LOOKING BACKWARD!

May be a pleasing pastime for some people, but Irvine Bros., Grocers, take more pleasure in looking forward to the time when all the readers of the **BRITISH-CALIFORNIAN** will be found amongst their patrons. Four stores  
 1302 POLK, 570-572 HOWARD, 1448 STOCKTON,  
 308-310 FOURTH, San Francisco.

FOR TICKETS TO AND FROM

# The Old Country

BY THE BEST LINES AT LOWEST RATES;  
 AND FOR DRAFTS ON PRINCIPAL CITIES..

GO TO **Thos. Cook & Son**

CHIEF OFFICE, LUDGATE CIRCUS LONDON, ENG. 621 Market St. San Francisco

## PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

NAME	ADDRESS	PHONE
<b>Architects.</b>		
G. A. WRIGHT.....	124 Sansome St.....	Bush 297
<b>Attorneys.</b>		
WEST & de JOURNAL.....	54, 55, 56 Crocker Bld'g .....	Drumm 84
AUSTIN LEWIS.....	325 Montgomery Street.....	Black 3074
T. E. K. CORMAC .....	119 Bush Street.....	Red 3451
Attorney, Solicitor, Counselor, Proctor and Advocate.		
JOHN S. DE LANCEY.....	957 Broadway, (Rooms 16-18).....	Oakland
<b>Physicians.</b>		
F. W. D'EVELYN.....	109-111 Phelan Bldg.....	Bush 95
E. W. THOMAS.....	439 Third Street.....	Red 2481
E. H. MERCER .....	1508 Market St.....	Howard 881
S. INGELBY HARRISON.....	Starr King Bldg., 121 Geary.....	Private Ex. 216
A. J. ELLIOTT.....	453 Kearny St.....	Red 6623
WILLIAM S. PORTER.....	1111 Washington St.....	Oakland
J. RADFORD FEARN.....	1163 Clay St.....	Oakland
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.		
DR. H. ISAAC JONES.....	Starr King Bldg., 121 Geary.....	Private Ex. 216
<b>Sanitarium—X Ray Laboratory.</b>		
DR. O. L. JONES.....	13th and Clay Sts., Oakland.....	Black 1036
<b>Hospitals.</b>		
MENUTT HOSPITAL.....	1220 Sutter St. ....	East 14
<b>Dentists.</b>		
J. WM. GINNO.....	234 Post St.....	Black 4234
A. E. SYKES.....	50 Geary Street.....	Red 586
NAT. T. COULSON.....	401-3-4, Grant Bldg., Market and Seventh Sts.	
H. Gr TRUEMAN.....	308 Examiner Bldg., formerly of Murphy Bldg.	

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

NAME	ADDRESS	PHONE
<b>Tea, Coffee, Etc.</b>		
JOHN MARSHALL.....	218 Third Street.....	Red 4608
<b>Monuments, Headstones, Vaults, Etc.</b>		
A. H. McNUTT.....	374 Brannan Street .....	
<b>Carpenters, Builders and Contractors</b>		
RICHARD LEACH.....	753 Mission Street.....	Black 1366
<b>Cutlery</b>		
R. HELLIWELL.....	108 Stockton Street.....	
<b>Butchers</b>		
W. F. ROBERTS.....	2817 California Street.....	West 891
<b>Bakers and Confectioners</b>		
GLOBE BAKERY.....	3065 Sixteenth Street.....	Kate 4028
<b>Undertakers</b>		
JAMES HAGAN.....	325 Thirteenth Street.....	Mission 11
<b>Trunks and Valises</b>		
J. MARTY.....	22 Turk St. Factory, 826 Howard St.	
<b>Artificial Limbs</b>		
MENZO SPRING.....	40 Ellis St.....	Measurement Blanks Free
<b>Hotels</b>		
THE ELSMERE.....	418 Sutter St .....	John 5411
<b>Plumbers and Gas Fitters</b>		
J. GOMERSAL.....	38 Turk St.....	Howard 2813
<b>Stereopticons—Lanterns and Slides For Sale or Hire</b>		
ED. H. KEMP.....	116 Stockton Street.....	Black 5475
(Rep. Besler & Co., N. Y.)		

## OAKLAND.

<b>Artistic Picture Framing</b>		
J. A. BARLOW.....	369 Twelfth St.....	Red 2689
<b>Watchmaker &amp; Jeweler</b>		
GEO. FAKE.....	1113 Broadway.....	Black 4364
<b>Seeds and Flowers</b>		
PIEDMONT FLORAL AND SEED CO. ....	1217 Broadway.....	Main 603
<b>Photographs</b>		
ARROWSMITH PHOTO STUDIO.....	1116 Washington St.....	Red 6911
<b>Boots and Shoes</b>		
C. B. CORNOR.....	352 Twelfth Street....	Repairing neatly done

DR. O'DONNELL'S MINERAL SPRINGS, GLEN ELLEN, CAL., have unsurpassed curative properties. Situation and climate ideal. Write for terms. Dr. O'Donnell, 1021½ Market St., San Francisco.

WALTER N. **Brunt** Prints Everything  
 FROM A CARD TO A BOOK.

Cor. MISSION & SECOND STREETS. S. F.



# The British-Californian

VOL. XV, No. 6. SAN FRANCISCO. SEPTEMBER, 1904

A MONTHLY RECORD OF BRITISH AND BRITISH-AMERICAN PROGRESS.  
NON-SECTARIAN IN RELIGION. NON-PARTISAN IN POLITICS.

SUBSCRIPTION.—San Francisco and Foreign Countries, \$1.25 per year.  
California and any part of the United States, Canada, Mexico and  
the Hawaiian Islands, \$1.00 per year. Single copies, 10 cents.

Entered at the San Francisco postoffice as second class matter.

CHARLES B. SEDGWICK - - - - - Editor

Business Office, 927 Market Street. Phone, Mint 1531

IT begins to look as if Russia, after all, will carry out her promise regarding her evacuation of Manchuria.

AN observer remarks that "the Japs seem to have learned every thing from Europe except to be afraid of Russia."

IN an article on King Edward, the New York *Sun*, which was for many years Anglophobe in tone, describes his majesty as "the greatest potentiality in world politics at the present moment."

MR. HENRY AGNEW, a wealthy Englishman who arrived at San Francisco from Victoria, B. C., on August 21st was denied a landing on the ground that he was suffering from tuberculosis. Too much publicity cannot be given this incident, for it may be the means of saving other similarly afflicted health seekers the trouble and expense of coming here.

AT least one tariff reform has added to the gaiety of the nations, says the *Sketch*. The United States custom authorities, at a loss to classify the edible frog, have determined to tax it as poultry, on which there is a high duty. Beside this the British porter's theory that "cats is dogs, and rabbits is dogs, but tortoisies is insects," lacks inspiration.

CORK, Ireland, has the unique distinction of being—at the present time—a "crimeless" city." At the recently opened Assizes there was not a single criminal case on the calendar. As Cork is the third city in Ireland and has a population of over 76,000, the showing is a creditable one—and it gives us pleasure to make it known. There seems to be truth in the statement, often made, that the Irish in Ireland are of a superior class to the kind that emigrate.

JUDGE JOHN HUNT'S injunction restraining lawless boycotters commends itself to all liberty-loving and law-abiding citizens. The judge has rendered a great service not only to anarchy-ridden San Francisco, but to the entire nation, and the voting citizens should ever bear the fact in mind. Able jurists who know the law we have in plenty, but few with the honesty or courage to interpret it rightly. When such a man is met with, he should be singled out for our political favors.

THE flight of the Grand Lama from Lhassa, the Tibetan capital now peacefully occupied by the British mission, leaves Colonel Younghusband with nobody to treat with, and consequently negotiations have come to a standstill. The British, however, have the quality of patience, and will await the ruler's return with equanimity. A few years' rest will do the troops no harm.

The only danger is that when John Bull once gets squatted down in a comfortable, fertile spot, he is apt to take root.

THERE seems to be a well defined opposition in Canada to the appointment of the Duke of Marlborough as Governor-General of the Dominion. The *Montreal Sun*, commenting upon the rumored appointment, says: "The fact that his grace had married a wife from a neighboring republic will make him a less satisfactory person to occupy Rideau Hall than if he were a perfect stranger. Canadians do not want to be patron-

ized by their friends over the border. If his grace of Marlborough should visit Canada he will be sure of a cordial welcome. At the same time, Canada does not want to have the vice-regal chair of this country made an annex to New York's 'four hundred.' Perhaps others will not care to say this quite so bluntly, but many think it."

Another jar to the deluded annexationists!

CONNOR O'KELLY, Member of Parliament from County Mayo, Ireland, addressed a Portland, Or., gathering of Celts the other day, and among other things said: "In the next Parliament the Irish National party will not only hold the balance of power, but will rule its own country and *dictate* to the great British Empire."

So you see, the British are right in saying that there is something more than Home Rule for Ireland that Hibernians are aiming for. And it is because of this Irish proneness to "dictate" that conservative Britons are loath to give the restless sons of Erin any additional power—and what sane man can blame them?

GIDEON JOUBERT, the self-made Boer "General," is appearing in the smaller towns of the State in the role of lecturer. He carefully avoids the towns whose newspapers receive outside news, knowing well that his record is by this time likely to be pretty well known. He was at Santa Cruz the other day, and a local paper boomed his lecture in these words:

"Here is a chance to hear some of the inside history of the South African war, which has never been written, and to pay a few cents which will remain in our community and aid our boys' club."

What a "come-down" for the mighty warrior who had "routed" the British army!

THE recently issued report of the census of the British Empire gives some facts and figures which must be a source of pride to the Briton. Greater Britain has grown until now it embraces one-fifth of the area of the globe, with a population of four hundred million people.

This splendid empire of twelve million square miles is distributed over the five continents; four million square miles are in North and South America; three million in Australia, three million in Africa and nearly two million in Asia. The United Kingdom—the heart of it all—comprises 125,095 square miles.

Perhaps the most remarkable feature in the report is the table showing the marvelous development of the empire in recent years. In 1861 the population of the British Empire was one hundred and seventy-five millions; in 1871 it was two hundred and thirty-five millions; in 1881 it was three hundred and ten millions; in 1891 it was three hundred and fifty-one millions.

THE following from an editorial in the *Bulawayo Chronicle*, is of interest in that it furnishes an illustration of Britain's generous treatment of aliens living under her flag, and of German ingratitude and impudence:

"There are many Germans in South Africa, and we wish them well, and would like to see them prove their fitness, as very many have, to become citizens of that great and free nation which we are trying to build up here under the British flag. That may be the ambition of many, but not of all, for we have heard to our astonishment of the children of German parents, born on British soil, who are, nevertheless, being registered in Berlin as Germans and held liable to service in the German army. This is with the consent and assistance of their fathers, some of whom enjoy the hospitality of this very territory, and equal rights with British settlers. While making reasonable allowance for all genuine feelings of patriotism, one may be permitted to express astonishment at any men refusing their children the right of allegiance to a government under which they have been born and under whose protection they—their fathers—have not been ashamed to seek, and make, their fortunes."



THE Los Angeles *Times* reviews Gen. Viljoen's book on the Boer war, in the same old anti-British spirit. Our Southern contemporary seems not to be aware that Briton and Boer have settled their differences and are now working hand in hand for a new and a better order of things. The *Times* sadly needs an editor somewhat posted on the march of events.

THE visit to San Francisco of the Earl of Enston and other high officers of the Masonic Order in Great Britain will do much to enhance the already cordial friendship existing between American and British Masons. And this is well, for both bodies exercise a great influence in social and political circles in their respective countries. The effect will be a material strengthening of the ties uniting the two nations.

THE Japanese have emerged victoriously from what has rightly been termed the greatest battle of modern times. One regrets the appalling bloodshed at Liao Yang, but admiration for the unprecedented valor and heroism of the Japanese carries our view beyond the dead-strewn field and we see only the glorious result. The hard-fought and fairly-won fight was followed by the world with breathless interest, and all good hearts rejoice in the victory of the side having the righteous cause. The little brown men of the East are making for history new pages as thrilling and inspiring as any now in the book.

IT IS said that Emperor William would like to see an alliance between Japan, Germany and Russia. No doubt he would, but as usual he is too late with his suggestion. Japan is going to remain in the combination with Britain. It is a lucky one for her so far, and as time passes Britain has increasing reason to be satisfied with her end of the bargain. German and Russian wiles are not likely to succeed in severing this cordial and effective partnership.

Germany has the misfortune of entering into the fight for world supremacy too late in the day. She starts in to be a colonizing power when the world is pretty well divided up and there is nothing left to colonize. A great navy she never can have, because she has no need for one. Gallant as the situation may be to them, our Germanic consins are doomed to remain in the third or fourth class.

THE evidence taken by the Merchant Marine Commission in this city fully bears out all that has been said about the killing effect on domestic industries of the rapacious policy of the trusts. It was shown conclusively that American steel is sold in Liverpool \$8 less per ton than at home, to the detriment of the home ship-building industry.

The high tariff, it seems, does not protect in the way that was intended, nor the classes in whose interest it was framed. And it has not been shown how free trade would be a beneficial change. The proper policy evidently lies somewhere between these two extremes.

On this point *Public Opinion* of New York hopefully observes that from Canada "we may perhaps learn some day how to solve the tariff problem. At present Canadian tariffs are about half of our rates, and six years' trial have shown that they are high enough both for protection and as revenue producers."

Canadian infant industries appear to be able to get along very well upon a tariff diet that it is loudly declared would ruin American infants. In the face of this fact we must either admit that our industrial offspring are less hardy than the Canadian breed or frankly acknowledge what an increasing number of people now believe, that ours have been grossly overfed, and should be placed upon a reduced regimen forthwith.

AUSTRALIA is becoming Americanized in a way that Americans do not like. Not long ago she raised the duties on almost every kind of manufactured article and now it is learned that by a recent decision of the Australian customs department all trade catalogues, price lists and circulars are detained upon arrival and delivered only upon payment of duty.

Under this new ruling the majority of those to whom the trade catalogues are sent refuse to take delivery of them, and therefore manufacturers and others desiring to circulate their trade catalogues in Australia will now be compelled to ship them to an Australian firm, undertaking both the clearance at the customs and the distribution of the matter.

More than this, it is intended to tax American and other foreign trade journals containing a certain percentage of advertisements. This will have the effect of practically shutting

out this class of foreign publications, and Americans and others desirous of reaching the Australian trade will be compelled to use Australian advertising mediums.

This is not a generous policy, we admit, nor worthy of this free and enlightened age, but inasmuch as it is a measure for self protection we suppose the Australians cannot be blamed. Anyway, the procedure being thoroughly American, no fault can consistently be found with it in this country.

SAN FRANCISCO is welcoming the Knights Templars in royal style, and it is safe to say that the visitors will go away with a favorable impression of Western enterprise and a grateful appreciation of Californian hospitality. The lavish way in which we entertain the stranger within our gates is one of our strong points, and has made us famous the world over.

Never have there been more elaborate and beautiful electrical displays in any city on any occasion than those which at this time transform our streets at night into a veritable fairyland. The flag decorations are tame, it is true, and there is nothing in the floral line, but the electrical devices are wonderful and magnificent and are well worth coming half way around the world to see. The visitors cannot fail to be surprised and delighted.

And it is fitting that San Francisco should go to the expense and labor of this elaborate reception, for the Knights Templars are worthy of the highest honors that a community can bestow. They represent the very best in modern civilization and are true, practical Christians. Their high ideals, and benevolent and philanthropic deeds are what keep the world light. Without Masoury, civilization would well nigh perish.

It is an honor to have representatives of such an order in our midst, and if something of the creed of these men can be assimilated by our people in general, San Francisco will have been blessed beyond estimation by the visit.

### "Abide With Me."

The *Church Union Gazette* relates a most interesting story of the memorial which is being raised at Brixham (Devonshire) in memory of the Rev. Henry Francis Lyte, who, sixty years ago, wrote that well-known hymn, "Abide With Me." The narrative is related in connection with a final effort of a thirty years' scheme to rebuild the church of Lower Brixham, at which Mr. Lyte ministered, and although £7000 has been raised £2000 is still required.

The author of "Abide With Me" labored among the fishermen of Brixham for twenty-five years, refusing all offers of preferment. At the age of 54 he realized that he must die of consumption and he prayed that he might write something which would live.

He wrote "Abide With Me" on the last evening he spent at Brixham, after preaching to his flock for the last time. The sun was setting over the red-sailed ships that lay in the harbor as he finished his noble prayer. Next morning he started for the Riviera and died at Nice a month later.

Lovers of the famous hymn will be interested to know of the efforts made on behalf of the rebuilding fund.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

ACROSS THE  
MOUNTAINS, PRAIRIES AND RIVERS  
OF

# CANADA

The True Scenic Route. Unrivalled for Grandeur

Canadian Rockies.	"Banff" the Beautiful.	Glacier.	Field.
Lake Louise.	Across "Great Lakes."	Niagara Falls.	
Thousand Islands.	Lake Champlain.		
Lake George.	Hudson River.		

CONNECTING WITH

### Canadian Pacific Atlantic Steamship Line

At MONTREAL and QUEBEC for LIVERPOOL and LONDON. Also bookings to CHINA and JAPAN per "Empress Line," and to AUSTRALIA per the Canadian Australian R. M. S. Line.

E. E. PENN, Ticket Agent. M. M. STERN, District Passenger Agt.  
627 Market Street, San Francisco, Cal.



### The Imperial Institute.

THE Imperial Institute was founded as a National Memorial of the Jubilee of Queen Victoria, by whom the foundation stone was laid in 1887. The great interest excited throughout the British Empire by the display at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition of 1886, which illustrated the vast wealth in natural products, and the commercial, industrial, artistic and educational achievements of our various colonies and India, led King Edward VII, at that time the Prince of Wales, to suggest that a permanent Institution designed to afford a thorough and living representation of the progress made in the development of their resources might constitute a fitting National Memorial commemorative of the fiftieth year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, an epoch within which some of our most important and thriving colonies passed from insignificance to exalted positions in the commercial and civilized world.

This suggestion became the germ of the proposal to establish an Imperial Institute, and active measures were taken to collect subscriptions throughout the Empire. The appeal for subscriptions was responded to most liberally, and some of the colonies, in addition to private donations, contributed officially, Canada leading with a grant of £20,000, whilst the subscriptions in the United Kingdom and India were derived entirely from private donations, which amounted to £338,412; the total sum collected for the purpose being £413,000.

The foundation stone of the Institute was laid by Her Majesty on the 4th of July, 1887, in the presence of a brilliant assembly of more than 10,000 specially invited spectators. This "foundation" or "cornerstone," as our American brethren prefer to name it, is a huge block of granite from Cape Colony, and stands on a pedestal of Indian bricks, which cover a specially prepared cavity containing current coins of the realm, and a number of documents of a public character.

The Imperial Institute, with a frontage of 750 feet, is built from designs by Mr. Thomas G. Colcutt, the prevailing style of the building being a free rendering of the Renaissance. The imposing effect is well shown in the accompanying photograph. It will be seen that the crowning attraction of the foreground is the great portal, surmounted by the large square tower, capped by a dome-shaped cupola. This tower is nearly 300 feet high, the two flanking towers being 176 feet high. Within these towers are contained a complete peal of ten bells, designated the "Alexandra" peal. The tenor is two tons in weight and bears the inscription, "Victoria R. I. 1837-1887." The total weight of the ten bells is over eight tons, and as placed are the highest in the country, as they swing in a chamber 200 feet above the level of the ground floor of the main building. The gift was a personal one to the Prince of Wales, by Mr. G. M. Millar of Melbourne.

Portland stone, which withstands the deteriorating effects of the London atmosphere, was used in facing the walls. The interior is handsomely finished, and marbles of every description are used, in the choice of which British (including Irish) and colonial have prior claims.

The principal object of the Institute is to promote the utilization of the commercial and industrial resources of the Empire, by arranging comprehensive exhibitions of natural products of the colonies and India, and for the collection and dissemination of scientific, technical and commercial information relating to them. Until the end of 1902 the Imperial Institute was managed by a governing body of which the Prince of Wales was President, and an Executive Council including representatives of the Indian Empire and of all the British colonies and dependencies. In 1902 the management was transferred to the Board of Trade (by an Act of Parliament passed for the purpose), assisted by an Advisory Committee including representatives of India and the colonies, as well as of the India and colonial Offices, the Board of Agriculture, and the Board of Trade.

The work hitherto carried on by the Imperial Institute at South Kensington, and in the city, for the supply of general, commercial, statistical and tariff intelligence, is now carried on by the Board of Trade.

The Indian and Colonial Economic Collections are arranged on a geographical system in the galleries of the Institute, and there are special curators appointed by the Governments of India, Ceylon, Canada and the Cape, and the collections are open free to the public daily except Sundays, from 11 a. m. till dusk.

All the British colonies and dependencies are represented by collections of their products, and every information about them can be obtained.

The Laboratory of the Scientific and Technical Departments occupy the second floor of the Institute, and here investigations are made of new or little known products of India and the colonies and of known products of new sources, with a view to their utilization in British commerce, and also to provide trustworthy scientific and technical advice in matters connected with the trade and industries of the Empire.

The library and reading rooms contain a large collection of Indian and colonial works of reference, and are regularly supplied with a number of the principal official publications, as well as newspapers of India and the colonies.

The Board of Trade have appointed Professor Wyndham Dunstan, F. R. S., Director of the Institute, and an Imperial Institute Supplement to the *Board of Trade Journal* is published quarterly and contains a report of all work done at the Institute for the benefit of the trade of the Empire.

THOS. WM. COWAN.

London, August 5, 1904.

The death occurred at his residence in Edinburgh, on August 2, of Rev. Alex. Ogilvie, LL.D., formerly Headmaster of Robert Gordon's College, Aberdeen. Dr. Ogilvie belonged to a family that has played a brilliant part in the educational life in Scotland. He was born at Ternemny, Rhothiemay, Banffshire, in 1830, and was educated at Fordyce Academy. He graduated at King's College, Aberdeen, in 1852.

### Rare Opportunity for Safe Investment.

Manufacturing proposition of merit. Permanent, and practically a monopoly. Raw material at nominal cost. Profitable home and foreign market for product.

Address PACIFIC COAST F. AND F. CO.,  
Office, 181 San Carlos Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

## "PRIDE OF CEYLON" TEA

is the finest tea in the market for the price.

A Post Card will bring you  
a Free Sample.

50c and \$1.00 per pound.

Sold only in the original, hermetically sealed packets, as packed in Ceylon. Why not try it?  
We know you will like it.

### F. A. PETERSON & CO.

DIRECT IMPORTERS AND SOLE DISTRIBUTORS

"Pride of Ceylon" Tea Enshiu Japan Tea Plantation Ceylon Coffee

148 Pacific Ave., Santa Cruz

P. O. Box 114

## SACRAMENTO VALLEY CALIFORNIA

FINE CLIMATE, RICH SOIL, WELL IRRIGATED. NOT OVER CROWDED.

The range of production here is marvelous. Almost anything can be raised that is raised elsewhere. And there is

### ROOM FOR MORE HOMES

on irrigated lands. Read the book, "The Sacramento Valley," issued by the Southern Pacific and sent to any address for 2 cents postage; 112 pages, 111 fine half-tone illustrations. It shows you what the valley looks like, and tells you of its resources. Of any agent, or at Information Bureau,

613 MARKET STREET  
SAN FRANCISCO

## SOUTHERN PACIFIC



## BRITISH NEWS IN BRIEF.

*Important Events not Chronicled in the Daily Press.*

Britain is still far in the lead in the number of ships; it has 1,530, Germany coming next with 1,425.

The great publishing house of Blackwood (Edinburgh) celebrated its hundredth anniversary in July.

A British firm is building for the Japanese government two monster battleships, each having a displacement of 16,400 tons.

One result of the Anglo-Japanese alliance is that the gardens of many Buddhist temples in Japan have displays of English flowers.

Ground was broken August 6 for the new town hall and post office which will be put up at a cost of \$50,000 at Walkerville, Canada.

Copper has just been found in Scotland in the county of Ross, and a large number of men have already been set to work to prove the lode.

New South Wales reported nine million pounds of butter during the first half of the present year. The wine yield last year was the best on record.

Rev. S. Reynolds Hole, dean of Rochester, since 1887, died August 27th at Rochester. He had been ill some time. The dean was born in December, 1819.

The British medical profession will introduce a bill in Parliament next year making it a crime for even a qualified medical practitioner, unregistered, to attend a patient.

Speaking at Ermelo, in the Transvaal, Lord Milner said that permits were no longer granted to Asiatics to enter the colony. They could not be allowed to flood the country.

It has been decided by the Transvaal Executive Council to appoint a commission to report on the desirability of pensioning certain officials of the late Boer government.

From January to June of the present year, according to a statement made by Mr. Lyttelton, the Colonial Secretary, the Transvaal mines produced gold to the value of £1,727,400.

The new Royal Holloway College, London, has the distinction of being the largest woman's educational institution in the world. The building and equipment cost about £1,000,000.

A new 7,000-ton freight steamer, designed for trade between San Francisco and the Orient, will be launched in England next winter. She will be owned by the Dollar Steamship Company.

The Canadian government is negotiating with the Armstrong Company for the establishment of a cartridge and cordite factory at Ottawa, and probably also in Manitoba and British Columbia.

The first visit to Auckland of Lord Plunket, the new Governor of New Zealand, took place on July 15, under the most favorable circumstances. Lord Plunket was accompanied on his visit by Mr. Seddon, the Premier.

King Edward has approved the appointment of Sir Francis Leveson Bertie, assistant Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, as British Ambassador at Paris, to succeed Sir Edmund J. Monson, who retires at the end of the year.

The Dickens Museum, which occupies the house in Portsmouth in which the novelist was born, has been opened to the public, and its popularity promises to become quite as pronounced as that of the Shakespeare Museum at Stratford-on-Avon.

In a torpedo boat recently constructed in England a striking innovation has been made in combining steam turbines with an ordinary reciprocating engine, the object being to secure economy at low speeds and high efficiency when the maximum speed is demanded.

Replying to a correspondent, the chief secretary at the Emigrants' Information Office says that applications for land in the Transvaal and Orange River Colony are not entertained from persons with less than £400 capital and possessing no agricultural experience.

Next month a scheme for the amalgamation of certain of the British possessions in West Africa which has been under the consideration of the government for some time, will partly be put into operation, when Southern Nigeria and Lagos will be placed under one Governor.

Wales has an art exhibition that is entitled to rank with many such shows of which much more is heard by the outside world. The home of the Royal Cambrian Academy, under whose direction the exhibition is held, is at Conway in Pas Mawr, a picturesque Elizabethan mansion.

Major Baden-Powell has invented a new form of amusement, something on the principle of "shooting the chutes." The boat is fitted with wings which carry it some distance before it alights in the water. The apparatus is in operation at the Crystal Palace, and is said to provide exciting amusement.

The statue of Cecil Rhodes, unveiled with imposing ceremonies at Bulawayo, July 7, is of bronze, twelve feet high and mounted on a pedestal of granite from the Matopos, twenty-two feet six inches in height. The statue is the work of Mr. J. Tweed, and is the only statue existing for which Mr. Rhodes sat.

The total production of British Columbia mines from Jan. 1 to June 30, 1904, was: Gold, 123,339 ounces; silver, 2,037,061 ounces; copper, 17,513,886 pounds; lead, 16,500,000 pounds. The total products in 1903 were: Gold, 232,831 ounces; silver, 2,996,201 ounces; copper, 34,395,921 pounds; lead, 18,089,283 pounds.

An expedition is being organized in Great Britain for the exploration of those regions of British Northern Nigeria Protectorate situate nearest the western shore of Lake Chad. The object of the expedition is to survey and investigate thoroughly, and to gather some zoological knowledge indigenous to the country traversed.

The transporter bridge that is being erected across the river Mersey between Widnes and Runcorn is rapidly approaching completion. The most difficult part of the undertaking has now been successfully accomplished. This was the suspension of the two aerial cables, of a span of 1000 feet, which are to carry the suspended traveling deck.

The report of the directors of the Manchester ship canal for the half year ending June 30, shows an increase of 51,206 tons of sea-borne merchandise and a gain of £8,900 in the receipts, despite the depression in business and notwithstanding that the first half of 1903 showed an increase of 237,810 tons in the traffic and £22,000 in the receipts over the corresponding period in 1902.

Merton Abbey, one of the most famous houses in South London, is shortly to disappear before the encroachment of modern building. The first abbey was built on this site in 1117, and for many centuries it was the home of saintly religious. There Thomas A'Becket was educated, as well as many others noted in English life. The abbey was for a time the home of Lord Nelson.

The States of Guernsey started a telephone service in 1898, and the statistics for last year show a remarkable growth of the system. The number of instruments working, says the *Municipal Journal*, was 1217, exclusive of junction lines. The population of the island being 40,300, this shows a telephone to every thirty-three inhabitants. It is the best telephoned area in the United Kingdom.

London, August 20.—The King has honored one of the survivors of the great charge of the Light Brigade at Balaklava by conferring upon him the medal for meritorious conduct and the annuity attached to it. Sergeant Nunnerly, formerly of the Seventeenth Lancers, the recipient of the medal, is over six feet in height, and, in spite of his years, he retains a fine soldierly appearance.

The British Postmaster General is considering a penny-in-the-slot machine by which the purchaser will be enabled to obtain stamps at all hours—a useful matter when the postoffices are closed. The machine is so constructed that it can be fitted into a wall or pillar-box, for it is of small compass. The purchaser, after placing the penny in the slot, presses a knob, and the machine does the rest.

Replying to a question concerning the coastwise regulations with other countries, with particular reference to the Philippine policy of the United States, Lord Lansdowne stated that the restriction proposed by the United States government seemed inconsistent with the promise which it made at the time the Treaty of Paris was drawn up, and that the matter was now under discussion at Washington.

The four prizes annually offered by the Lincolnshire Agricultural Society to the "labourer in husbandry who has brought up and placed out the greatest number of children without ever having received parochial relief," have this year produced some remarkable records. Ten men who entered had between them one hundred and fifty children, one having twenty, another nineteen, and others fifteen.



The Government of Canada has entered into partnership with a newly incorporated company for the construction of a trans-continental railway from the Atlantic to the Pacific, to be wholly within Canadian territory. This road will be about 3600 miles in length, and the total cost is estimated at \$150,000,000. This does not include the branch lines, aggregating about 2000 miles.

Canada's wheat crop this year promises to exceed that of 1903 by about 30,000,000 bushels. This is a big increase and, with no abatement likely in succeeding years, it is easy to be seen what a formidable wheat producing and exporting competitor the great Canadian Northwest has become and is becoming. It could now, if need were, feed the mother country all by itself, leaving the United States out of the question.

It is reported from Johannesburg that a new and unexpected source of wealth has been discovered in the territory of the late Boer republic. Near the eastern border of the Transvaal, on the ledge of the lofty South African plateau, three valuable lodes of tin ore have been found, and the deposits are apparently so extensive that predictions are heard that the new colony may prove to be as rich in tin and copper as it is already known to be in gold.

At the annual banquet of the Society of Scottish Artists the Lord Provost (Sir Robert Cranston) referred to important schemes now under consideration for the development of Scottish art. It is hoped that the Royal High School will be made into a national gallery, while the present classic building on the mound where the nation's art treasures are housed will be reserved for the annual exhibition of the Royal Scottish Academy. The High School is one of the finest examples of pure Greek architecture in Great Britain.

Swan Hunter and Wigham Richardson of Newcastle-on-Tyne will build for the Cunard line the most important vessel ever put in the water from any shipyard. This giant among ships will ply from New York to Queenstown, and will take two and a half years to build, there being more work than on a first-class battleship. It will be 760 feet long, with a breadth of 87 feet, depth of 60 feet, a speed of 25 knots guaranteed, and will accommodate 2600 passengers. It will have new turbine propelling machinery, and will be able to cross the Atlantic in less than five days.

The Great Northern Railway has now fitted five sets of Ramsome's and Rapier's hydraulic buffers at its King's Cross station. These buffers, together with five similar sets just installed by the Caledonian Railway at the Central Station, Glasgow, are the largest of their kind ever constructed; their pistons have a stroke of seven feet. In tests carried out at King's Cross a train, weighing with engine 369 tons, was run into one of these sets of buffers at a speed of 9.4 miles an hour, and by their action was smoothly brought up without serious inconvenience to people seated in the carriages.

Dr. Isaac Roberts, well known as a geologist and astronomer, died at Crowborough, England, July 18. The original investigations of Dr. Roberts in the domain of astronomy have added largely to man's knowledge of the stars, clusters, nebulae, and the structure of the universe. The honorary degree of doctor of sciences was conferred upon him by the University of Dublin in 1892. In 1895 he was awarded the gold medal of the Royal Astronomical Society, on the council of which he had served for several years. He bore the titles of Fellow of the Royal Society, Fellow of the Royal Astronomical Society, and Fellow of the Geological Society.

The *London Chronicle* says that any of the British officers now at Lhasa who may happen to be Free Masons have, perhaps, just an outside chance of solving an interesting question. For there are those who believe that the high Rosicrucian adepts, having emigrated to the east about the beginning of the seventeenth century, still inhabit the Thibetan plateaus to-day, and some of the mysteries of Free Masonry have been supposed to have been acquired from the Rosicrucians. If they ever existed, the Rosicrucians were a secret society possessing the art of turning baser metals into gold, and vowed themselves to gratuitous healing of the sick. Skeptics, however, maintain that there never was such a society, but that it was invented as a ponderous joke by a learned seventeenth century treatise writer.

Birmingham's new water works, which have been constructed in the Welsh hills on the borders of Radnorshire and Brecknockshire at an elevation of 1300 feet above the sea level, are now open. These water works are nearly 80 miles west of Birmingham and the water flows there by its own gravitation through a

forty-four-inch pipe. The watershed comprises about 70 square miles of moorland. The main dam of the impounding reservoirs is nearly 200 feet high, 600 feet long and 122 feet thick at its base. A score of farms, a church, a cemetery and the historic home of the poet Shelley have been submerged. The three reservoirs completed hold 11,000,000,000 gallons of water, and the average annual rainfall on the watershed is 66 inches. It has taken ten years to construct the works at a cost exceeding £5,000,000.

Canada has a space of 10,000 square feet in the St. Louis Exposition's mammoth Palace of Agriculture—a structure that covers an area of 23 acres and contains all that is edible from all lands. The Canadian space is on the east side of the main aisle, about midway of the giant structure's unrivaled length. A replica of a historic structure forms the center piece of this notable exhibit. One of the handsomest of the public buildings in the Dominion is the library of Parliament at Ottawa, the Canadian Capitol. The dome of this building, reproduced on a smaller scale, is one of the most commanding objects in the big building. It is an octagon, 34 feet across, and its top extends 60 feet upward and brushes the rafters of the Agriculture Palace. Its frame is of pine and the surface that shows is covered with glowing red burlap. Artistically fastened to this background are the grains and grasses of Canada, more than 3,000 specimens being shown in charming array.

The recent three-hundredth anniversary of the death of Gilbert, of Colechester, the founder of the science of electricity, was honored by the presentation, by the Institution of Electrical Engineers of Great Britain to the borough of Colchester, of a painting by Mr. A. Ackland Hunt, representing Dr. Gilbert showing his electrical experiments to Queen Elizabeth and her court. Gilbert discovered the augmentation of the power of a loadstone by arming or capping it with soft iron cheeks, the screening effect of a sheet of iron, the method of magnetizing iron by hammering it while it lies north and south, the destruction of magnetism by heat, and the existence around the magnet of a magnetic field. Generalizing from small to large, he advanced the entirely novel idea that the globe of the earth is itself a magnet. His book, "De Magnete," over which he spent eighteen years, was published in 1600, and for the next three hundred years remained the standard work on magnetism.

The Canadian government chartered sealing steamer Erik, which conveyed an auxiliary expedition to the steamer Neptune, which has been wintering in Hudson's Bay for the past year, with the Canadian official expedition sent for the purpose of annexing territory there, returned to St. Johns, Nfld., on August 7, bringing Major Moodie, Governor of Hudson's Bay. The Erik met the Neptune at Port Burwell July 25, and transferred coal and supplies. The Neptune cruised north to Lancaster Sound, hoisting the British flag and proclaiming British sovereignty over that territory. Major Moodie reports that the Neptune went into winter quarters in Fullerton Inlet, last October, and found the American whaler Era, the only one known to be in Hudson's Bay during the past season, wintering in the same vicinity. The Neptune built a fort there, established a garrison of police, organized the place as a port of entry and stopped illicit trading with the natives. The Era paid duties on all goods intended for trading with the natives, thereby recognizing Canadian authority.

The Cape to Cairo railroad, the inception of the late Cecil Rhodes, has reached the southern bank of the Zambesi River at the Victoria Falls. The first section of the project is now realized, over 1,600 miles of track having been laid down, stretching from Cape Town to this point. The construction of the single-span bridge which is to carry the track across the Zambesi gorge at a height of 120 feet is now being proceeded with, and the second section of the railroad will then be commenced. This section will run from the north bank of the Broken Hill, in the direction of Lake Tanganyika, a distance of 350 miles. Beyond that point no definite course has been decided, though there are several projected routes under consideration. According to Cecil Rhodes, this transcontinental railroad was to be 5,700 miles in length. While the track has been steadily constructed northward from Cape Town, the Egyptian end has been simultaneously proceeded with, and it is now 1,400 miles south of Khartoum. About another 2,000 miles of track has therefore yet to be laid before through railroad communication is established between Cape Town and Cairo.



### Plight of the Scotch Free Church.

It is many years since the people of Scotland have been so moved by any public occurrence, as by the recently announced decision of the House of Lords, as the final tribunal at law, that when the Free Church joined with the United Presbyterians in 1900, to form the United Free Church, it departed from its foundation principles, and especially its declared belief in the principles of establishment and the doctrine of predestination. Therefore the small remnant of the Free Church, numbering twenty-seven obscure congregations, mostly in the remote Highlands, who refused to participate in the act of union, are declared to be the Free Church in its integrity, and, as such, the sole agents, owners and custodians of the property of the church, estimated at \$50,000,000, and solely authorized to administer its revenues. Thus the great body of the church, extending over the whole of Scotland, suddenly finds itself bereft of its church buildings, manse, schools, colleges and foreign missions, without any established material resources for its support. From the day of the delivery of the judgment every Free Church treasurer came under injunction to make no further payments for the stipends of ministers or any other church purpose, and, in fact, will probably be called to an accounting for expenditures which have been already made. The church stands, indeed, practically homeless and penniless, and can only await the relief which Parliament alone is competent to afford. Premier Balfour has so far refused to take the initiative in a measure of relief, and the victorious Highlanders will, in all probability, stand upon their legal rights. No doubt a method will be devised for furnishing an emergency fund by voluntary contributions to meet current expenses, to tide the churches over till next year, when Parliament will be asked to find a way out of the difficulty. Meanwhile, the enormous interests affected by this decision remain in the hands of a few men without administrative capacity or experience and totally unfitted for the competent management of so momentous a trust.—*British American.*

### Additions to British Navy.

Details given in the House of Commons as to the shipbuilding programme of the British Government for the present year show that the two new battleships of the Lord Nelson class will be truly worthy of their great names. Their batteries are such as has never before been put into any fighting ship. On a displacement of 16,500 tons, or 150 tons larger than the previous largest (the King Edward), they will carry fourteen big armor-piercing guns.

The advantage in the new ships lies in their greater number of 9.2-inch guns. This weapon is one of the most powerful in existence. Firing a 380-pound shell twice or thrice a minute and driving it through thirty-five inches of iron, it is more powerful than any gun of a similar type mounted on foreign battleships.

The four 12-inch guns fire 850-pound shells through some four feet of iron.

In exchange for this overwhelming superiority in heavy gun fire, the 6-inch gun carried in the King Edward disappears.

The four new armored cruisers are also to be remarkable and of great size, being the largest cruisers built for the British or any other navy. They are to be known as the Minotaur class. They will steam 23 knots, displace 14,600 tons, or 400 more than the Drake class, and will carry four 9.2-inch guns of the same type as those on the Lord Nelson, and ten of the new 7.5-inch guns, which fire four 200-pound shells a minute through more than two feet of iron.

### Strathcona's Tribute to Scotsmen.

On the occasion of his recent installation as Chancellor of Aberdeen University, Lord Strathcona in the course of his speech said that speaking as a Scotsman and a Canadian (cheers) he regarded his election as Chancellor more as a compliment to the great Dominion, whose representative in this country he had the honor to be, than as due to any merit of his own. He had also the honor of being Chancellor of another university—the McGill University of Montreal—an institution of which Canada was proud, and which in common with the other universities and colleges of the country, was doing so much to promote the intellectual and material progress of the Dominion, and

was also taking its part in that scientific research that was so absolutely necessary in the world of to-day. (Cheers.) McGill University was founded by a Scotsman, many members of the governing body of that institution were Scotsmen, and its learned principal, who was formerly principal of the University College, Dundee, was a Scotsman. (Cheers.) He referred to this merely to indicate the part Scotsmen were taking in the affairs of the country. The Primate of all Britain was a Scotsman, and one of the bishops, and one of the most learned among them, the Bishop of Stepney, was a son of Principal Lang of Aberdeen University. (Cheers.) But it was not only church life, but also in public life generally that they found Scotsmen and the descendants of Scotsmen filling important and very often lucrative positions. The Scottish Universities and the Scottish system of education were largely responsible for this, animated, let them say, by a desire to benefit humanity, with perhaps a slight consideration for their own welfare (laughter), and the thousands of men and women who left dear old Scotland in times gone by, and who were still leaving it, had been, and were, not a little instrumental in establishing and developing the great dominions beyond the sea, which formed such important portions of the British Empire to-day.

The new cathedral church of the diocese of Liverpool, the corner-stone of which was laid on July 19th with imposing ceremony by King Edward, stands on St. James Mount, one hundred and fifty-five feet above the Mersey. The two great towers, by far the highest objects in the city, will stand out, a prominent landmark four hundred and fifteen feet above the level of the sea. With its Chapter House and Morning Chapel, the cathedral will occupy about ninety thousand square feet, an area exceeding that of any other English cathedral. The cathedral will be five hundred and eighty-four feet long. The nave up to the "crossing" of the transepts, measured internally, will be one hundred and ninety-two feet long or up to the entrance of the choir two hundred and forty feet. The width of the nave between the centers of the piers will be fifty-three feet six inches across. Each of the towers will be five feet square, as large as the great central tower of York Minster, which is now the largest tower in the country. The towers at Liverpool will be higher than at York by sixty-two feet, as they will rise to two hundred and sixty feet above the floor level. The most striking feature at the cathedral will be the height of the vaulting of the nave and choir; measured to the barrel vaulting it will be one hundred and sixteen feet, and into the high transepts one hundred and forty feet. In this respect the new cathedral will surpass everything other in the country. The choir and central space of the new cathedral will seat about three thousand five hundred persons, and the whole building will accommodate no fewer than eight thousand. It will be about seven years before the choir or chancel end will be completed.

The torpedo does not seem to be so entirely the conception of the present age as we have imagined. The following dialogue, according to an exchange, is to be found in the *Staple of News* by Ben Jonson, written three hundred years ago:

Barber—They write here one Cornelius-Son hath made the Hollanders an invisible cel, to swim the haven at Dunkirk, and sink all the shipping there.

Pennyboy—But how is it done?

Cymbal—I'll show you, sir. It is an Automa, runs under water, with a snug nose, and has a nimble tail made like an auger, with which tail she wriggles betwixt the coats (ribs) of a ship, and sinks it straight.

Pennyboy—A most brave device to murder their flat bottoms.

### DO THEY BITE?

Then get rid of them by using  
the Original SEARBY'S

### "FLEAS MUST GO"

There are many imitations  
Get the Genuine—SEARBY'S  
—25c and 50c per Bottle, at

### UNION DRUG COMPANY

W. M. SEARBY, Manager Store No. 1..... 400 Sutter St., Cor Stockton  
D. M. GOVE, Manager Store No. 2..... California and Fillmore Sts.  
J. H. DAWSON, Manager Store No. 3..... 1199 Valencia St., Cor. 23d  
GEO. DAHLBENDER, Manager Store No. 4..... 214 Kearny St., Near Sutter  
C. L. BARRINGTON, Manager Store No. 5..... Market St. and Van Ness Ave.  
V. L. FIGUEROA, Manager Store No. 6..... 318 Montgomery Ave.  
E. HAPPEBERGER, Manager Store No. 7..... 38 Sixth St., Cor Mission  
A. J. VILLAIN, Manager Store No. 8..... Stockton and O'Farrell Sts.

**GREENBANK** .... Best Prune Dip ....  
Powdered Caustic Soda  
T. W. JACKSON & CO., 123 California Street, SAN FRANCISCO





### Anent Roman Tolerance.

A subscriber asks, "Is the Roman Catholic Church tolerant?" and sends us the subjoined clipping from the Fermanagh Times in the way of an answer to his question, we suppose. The clipping reads:

In a letter which appeared in the Daily Express of February 3d, 1886, from Mr. T. W. Russell, M. P., the following passage occurs: "I further affirmed that the Roman Catholic Church stood alone in being constitutionally intolerant. . . . Here is a statement of facts by Bishop Ryan, speaking at Philadelphia quite recently. This prelate said: 'We maintain that the Church of Rome is intolerant, that is, that she uses every means in her power to root out heresy. But her intolerance is the result of her infallibility. She alone had the right to be intolerant, because she alone has the truth. The Church tolerates heretics where she is obliged to do so, but she hates them with a deadly hatred, and uses all her powers to annihilate them. If ever the Catholics should become a considerable majority, which in time will surely be the case, then will religious freedom in the Republic of the United States come to an end. Our enemies know how she treated heretics in the Middle Ages, and how she treats them to-day where she has the power. We no more think of denying these historic facts than we do of blaming the Holy God and the princes of the Church for what they have thought fit to do.'"

[Our correspondent need not take alarm at this utterance. The Roman Church will never have the power to deal intolerantly with "heretics," even if it should have the disposition. The moment it acts tyrannically, that moment its power begins to wane. When we consider what has just happened in France, the most Roman Catholic country in the world, we need have no fear for the United States.—Editor.]

### 'Beri-Beri' and the Boers.

Under this intendedly mysterious caption The Call, of this city, has an editorial in which one cannot fail to recognize the sub-latent desire to once again indulge in the "forced" statements which won for it such an invidious distinction during the high-pressure days of the Boer war, a distinction which had and will have certain subsidiary sequelae of a nature not at all tending to add grist to a mill which grinds neither truly nor prudently. The editorial desire now is to make a mountain out of a mole-hill, and attach a political significance to an accident unfortunately inseparable from an effort to get labor to develop those resources which are necessary to the welfare of the country. The poor white does not like to work; the Kaffir won't, and why not try the great exponent of cheap labor in America—the Chinaman? For the Call to work itself into a spasm of prophetic biliousness over the memories of "the men of the Modder and Spion Kop" is as non-pertinent as it is unnecessary. Surely the Call knows enough of its environment to be convinced it can find the heathen nearer than by wandering off to South Africa. And if it, in its desire to be philanthropic, for we concede it that much, would only make clean its own hearth stone—before it presumes to trespass upon territory to which it is an absolute stranger, there would be better evidence of its tender solicitude lest the "dread Oriental malady" should gain a foothold amongst the scorial heaps of Johannesburg or the dumpings of Viojoensdorp."

In the meantime we would humbly suggest to the "students of affairs" not to permit a moral staidness to warp their vision, and with the hypermetropic, far-distant vision of anxiety overlook adjacent complications—disease, if you so wish it—which will test in the not far distant future the resources of the home guard and give the

Call sufficient opportunity for display. In the meantime, as the London Lancet says: "The general danger to the health of the South African colonies from the accidental introduction of beri-beri is not very great," we can await the probable solution as one capable of being arrived at without the sub-suggested call to arms of our esteemed local daily.

It is interesting to note that beri-beri was first noted by the Dutch in their early intercourse with the East, and even now haunts the Dutch army in Sumatra; so they are no strangers to it. It will no doubt be much in evidence when the Panama Canal is being dug, and this will not be dug by Boers, so there will be no cause for "sympathy." Further, it has been recognized in an asylum in Ireland, and, strange to say, in a similar institution in the United States. It may thus claim a certain trend towards following the footsteps of patriotism. It is not a mind disease—otherwise we might think its dread appearance had already broken out in the "crowded cells" of over-worked brains. In the meantime—let the cobbler stick to his last.

PRICKLY HEAT.

### Who did the Fighting?

Probably no statement in recent years has awakened more discussion, or caused more bad feeling, than the following, which appeared in the New York Sun, in the "queries" column, August 30, 1891. It should be borne in mind that the Sun was not only the Tammany organ, but it is also the Irish Roman Catholic daily in New York City. We print it precisely as it appeared:—

Editor Sun:—

Please republish a table giving the percentages of enlistments of foreigners in the Federal armies during the Rebellion, and a table giving the percentages of deserters.

G. K.

Enlistments, 1861-1865.	
	Per cent.
Native Americans . . . . .	1,523,000 75.48
Germans . . . . .	177,800 8.76
Irish . . . . .	144,200 7.14
British Americans . . . . .	53,500 2.60
English . . . . .	45,500 2.26
Other foreigners . . . . .	74,800 3.76
Total . . . . .	2,018,800

Desertions.	
	Per cent.
Irish . . . . .	72
Germans . . . . .	16
Americans . . . . .	5
All others . . . . .	7

"I would like the back numbers of the BRITISH CALIFORNIAN, well bound. I value the paper more than I do any other paper that I receive from my friends in 'Frisco. It is good reading always, and I go through it from cover to cover, including even the ads. If a paper could be issued daily with such wholesome reading it would do more good than all the trash in the big Californian papers combined."

—A. E. R., Shanghai, China.

### The Rights of Master and Man.

In the division of labor, and the resultant specialization of human activity, we have necessarily different classes of workers, some of whom have adopted the co-operative idea, by forming organizations, by which they seek to better their condition. No doubt each class of workers has its particular interests which may be legitimately improved by co-operation among its members, and thus far the labor organization has a lawful purpose; but, while standing for its rights, it cannot legitimately deny to any other class its rights, nor should it go to the extent of infringing the personal and inalienable rights of its members as individuals. On the contrary, it must accord to its own members and to others the same measure of justice that it demands for itself as an organization.

In working out this problem, there has been much conflict. Indeed, according to human experience, such conflict could not entirely be avoided, but in the end each class must recognize that it cannot exist independently of others; it cannot strike down or defeat the rights or interests of others without injuring itself. Should capital demand more than its due, by that demand it limits its opportunity, and, correspondingly, the laborer who demands more than his due thereby takes away from himself the opportunity to labor. No one can escape this law of co-operation. Self-interest demands that we must observe its just limitations.—President E. H. Harri-man, of the Southern Pacific Company, in an address at the opening of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

### Slowness or Sureness, Which?

That wonderful oracle, the San Francisco Chronicle, recently commented editorially upon the fact that the three dynamite guns at Fort Point, California, have proven to be useless, and are to be sold for old junk, at a loss of something like \$240,000 to Uncle Sam.

If we mistake not, the Chronicle some time ago used these very guns as a text to show how dreadfully slow the British War Department is; for the Chronicle is a bitter hater of John Bull; although John continues at the old stand despite the French-Jew.

The lesson for the business man and investor would appear to be that conservatism is not such a bad thing after all. —Western Investments, Los Angeles.

### "Cleavage of an Empire."

Owing to an unusually large amount of local matter, the "Cleavage" has been crowded out of this number but will be continued next month. Readers who are interested in this remarkable history will be pleased to learn that it is arresting attention all over the English-speaking world, and that it is spreading new knowledge in quarters where enlightenment is needed and where it will result in great good.

### "Up Against It."



PERHAPS HE THOUGHT THE BULL A TAME ONE.  
—The Philadelphia Inquirer.



TROUBLESOME FOREIGN RELATIONS.  
Columbus Dispatch.



### Tablet at Mare Island.

**S**T. PETER'S Chapel, Mare Island Navy Yard, was on August 13th the scene of an interesting ceremony, the unveiling of a mural tablet in memory of the sailors and marines of the United States of America who lost their lives in the hurricane at Apia, Samoa, 1889, on which occasion, it will be remembered, three American ships and one German ship drifted ashore and became wrecks, the only vessel succeeding in getting out to sea being the British ship Calliope. The church was filled to its utmost capacity with representatives of the Navy and Army and a large number of visitors, who had arrived by special steamer from San Francisco. The tablet, a handsome relief in gun metal, was made in the Navy Yard, and reflects great credit in its workmanship. Bishops Nicholl and Moreland, with Chaplain McAllister, led the devotional part of the service.

Rear-Admiral McCalla spoke very feelingly and with evident emotion of his career in the U. S. Navy. Lieutenant Graham, who had been deck lieutenant on the Trenton on the fatal day, was as a survivor listened to with deep attention, and more than once tears stood in the eyes of the "old salt" as he reproduced the incidents of that never-to-be-forgotten day—and the immortal cheer given by the blue-jackets of the Trenton as the British ship weathered the storm and drifted past the doomed American flag ship.

Dr. D'Evelyn, president of the British and American Union, was introduced by Chaplain McAllister as one of a number of friends who had already recorded in bronze like memories, as evidenced by the sister tablet on the opposite side of the church. The doctor said in part: "I am grateful to your esteemed Admiral for being permitted to linger for even a moment at this shrine, dedicated as it is to an event which has carved deep into the international heart of the Anglo-American; a memory which shall remain as long as that heart has passions, as long as human sentiments throb responsive to all things noble, great and true.

"It was my privilege, some years ago, to stand shoulder to shoulder, in many a warm fight, with my comrades in arms, and with us stood a detachment of blue-jackets. Good fellows; many of them never saw their ocean homes again; but they proved themselves to be a credit to their nation, for they were men, just as your blue-jackets are men and a credit to their nation. Yes, Admiral, I only wish we had a squad of our blue-jackets present this afternoon, for I am conscious that every man of them would uncover in memoriam of those brave men of your navy, who when standing on the very threshold of doom, voiced by their dying lips the immortal sentiment of a kinship which even the very travail of death could not force asunder."

The British Consul-General said: "About two years ago I had the honor to assist at the unveiling of a tablet in this chapel, erected to the joint memory of the American and British officers and men who died fighting in Samoa during the recent troubles. That monument stands to-day in this chapel—and no more fitting place could be found for such a memorial than the House of God—and is one of our cherished possessions. I remember that on that occasion I pointed out to you that the tablet referred to would become a historical record as it was, so far as I was aware, the first ever erected on this continent to the memory of American and British soldiers and sailors who died fighting on the same side, although it would by no means be the last. To-day we assist at the unveiling of a second tablet commemorative of the deaths of those gallant American sailors who lost their lives in the hurricane at Samoa. You all remember the circumstances. American and British vessels lying side by side in the calm blue waters of Apia Bay, in the quiet of a lovely tropical day, when suddenly came a drop of the barometer, and the feeling of calm was turned to one of apprehension. Yet no actual danger was feared until suddenly a

raging, howling tempest burst upon the straining ships. Hurried orders to get up steam and avoid destruction; vessels straining at their anchors; storm after peace! Suddenly out of the mist appeared the hull of H. M. S. Calliope forging her way inch by inch in the teeth of the hurricane to gain the open sea. American ships straining to follow her and unable—unable not because the men on board were not as brave seamen as those on the British warship, but because the American engines were too weak to respond to the call made upon them. And as the Calliope came near the Trenton the cry went up, "She's coming out!" and the gallant American seamen, themselves drifting to destruction, raised a mighty spontaneous cheer for their British comrades, a cheer which echoed round the world, and proved that blood was thicker than water. Aye, and it proved more than that. It proved that the old trouble of 1776 was a dead issue, and that it had no more effect in causing a disruption of the Anglo-Saxon race than the Wars of the Roses had in disrupting the British race. What the navy thinks to-day the nation thinks to-morrow, and I thank God that the feeling expressed that day by the American navy at Samoa is to-day the feeling of the American people and of my people. The two nations are bound up as one, and no event which the mind of man can conceive can sunder those two people."

The tablet was designed by Mr. B. J. S. Cahill, the well-known British Californian.

### Defense Matters in Australia.

The highly flattering reports on the conduct of the Australian troops in the late Boer war have caused numerous foreigners to remark that these encomiums were circulated by diplomatic Britishers in order to flatter the vanity of the Colonials, and thus cement their loyalty.

The following account on the military training imparted in Victoria, Australia, will go far to explain the reason why "the Soldiers of the King" in the Southern Seas are so efficient. The Victorian soldier starts his training at a very early age, about eleven or twelve years old, whilst he is attending a state school, at nearly every one of which there is a cadet corps, officered usually by the teachers, who have, of course, to pass a military examination. The cadet is armed with a small rifle (Frankcott) and bayonet, being clad in a khaki uniform with scarlet facings, his head dress being the characteristic Australian slouch hat, of the same color. Every military evolution up to and including brigade drill is taught, and so proficient do these youngsters become that I have seen old seasoned Imperial officers quite carried away with enthusiasm during a parade. The rifle used by the cadets is sighted up to 500 yards, at which distance the practice made by the boys is simply wonderful, possibilities being quite common. The uniforms are purchased by these lads at a very small cost, but arms and ammunition are supplied gratis by the Government. H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, during the review held in his honor on his recent trip to Australia, expressed himself amazed with the drill of these miniature soldiers, one and all of whom found glory in wearing the King's uniform.

After school days are over, the junior cadet passes into what is known as the Senior Cadet Battalion, where the minimum age is sixteen years. These are Victoria's boys in blue; they are armed with the Lee-Metford rifle, and are one of the finest regiments I have ever seen. As marksmen they are wonderful, whilst their machine-like precision on parade has never failed to call forth the admiration of all beholders.

The next grade of our now grown up cadet is into the Volunteer service, or into the Militia or partly paid forces. These are the boys who furnished the men for the contingents in South Africa. For me to attempt to describe them would be waste of time—they themselves carved their own name on the scroll of fame. I might add the Boers hated these lads with a deadly hatred—the reason is obvious.

The regulars in Australia are admitted by all to be equal to the regulars in Great Britain; nothing higher can be said for any troops.

Such is the way Australia trains her men, thus making her citizen army equal to any in the world. But this is not all, she has her rifle clubs—composed of men who are not in the forces—all armed with rifles supplied by the Government at a very low rate, ammunition being supplied at the same rate. These clubs also have a khaki uniform, being distinguished by their green facings. They do a small amount of drill every year, just sufficient to enable them to be drafted into the different regiments in the event of hostilities.

Each state in Australia, beside its military force, has a large naval reserve, ready to serve should they be needed. The Victorian forces have for their emblem the Southern Cross, their motto being "Pro Deo et Patria." Their loyalty is tremendous, and those attempting to molest the dear old motherland will find that the cub in Australia has exceedingly sharp teeth. Moreover, it is always ready.

CAPT. E. V. E. NEILL,  
Late of South African Field Force.  
San Francisco, August 25, 1904.

### Sporting Notes.

Cricket matches will be played as follows: Sept. 4, Pacific vs. S. F. County, at Alameda; 9th, Admission Day, open; 11th, Alameda vs. Pacific, at Alameda; 18th, Veterans vs. Juniors, at Alameda; 25th, Alameda vs. S. F. County, at Alameda; Oct. 2d, Winners of 1904 Championship vs. a Combined Eleven, at Alameda.

A good season of association football is assured. In addition to the teams of last year, several new ones are being formed, and interest in the game is on the increase.

The season of Scottish bowling out at Golden Gate Park has been a brilliant one, and it is now certain that the game has gained a permanent foothold.

## LYRIC HALL

119 EDDY ST., above Mason

Beginning MONDAY NIGHT, Oct. 3d

Ben Greet's Company of London Players, in the XVth Century Morality Play....

## "EVERYMAN"

With original costumes, scenery and effects as given by the Elizabethan Society of London.

SECOND WEEK:

## Shakespearean Repertoire

RESERVED SEATS:

\$1.50, \$1.00 and 75c

Box Office opens at Sherman, Clay & Co's, Monday, September 26th.



### British and American Union.

"The White Man's Burden" was the subject of a most able and interesting address delivered before the Union on the 2d inst., the speaker being Mr. James W. Kerr, one of the city's leading manufacturers. Mr. Kerr does not believe in battles and conquest for the sake of the glory that may be in them, but only in order that good use may be made of the accruing opportunities. Thus, he holds that American activities in Cuba and the Philippines were to the advantage of human progress and enlightenment—a part of the white man's burden—and that this page alone in American history should make the Briton proud to stand shoulder to shoulder with his kinsman. The speaker further declared that the work undertaken by Briton is not always properly considered. He said that in going over the world one would find Britain occupying posts of advantage at every turn—Gibraltar, Malta, Aden, in fact along all the highways of commerce—and that she was there with a purpose. Britain has discharged her trust, said he, with an impartiality that has surprised even her enemies. She has sheltered all nations, with absolute unselfishness. The same is true as to her possessions. India she rescued from tribal wars and famines at enormous cost—spending \$175,000,000 in irrigation works alone, and at one period feeding five million starving natives; Egypt and Soudan she raised from bankruptcy and barbarism to prosperity, safety and progress, building colleges on the sites of former slave marts and turning the desert into productive fields. Africa bore the same happy testimony, and the other British countries had no different tale to tell. In India, she had created the greatest rival in the world to the Lancashire cotton industry, proof enough of the falsity of the wicked charge that she stifles the industries of conquered countries for the benefit of her home people. All this was the white man's burden, said the speaker, and there was more of it. The American and British flags stand for more than geographical distinctions. They stand for a high purpose, and should ever float together.

President F. W. D'Evelyn had charge of the meeting, and in the course of his remarks took occasion to mercilessly flay the scurrilous editor of the *Stinger*, a sheet which had defamed the British youth and attacked the name of the late Hector MacDonald. We give the President's remarks in another column.

A good musical program was rendered by the following-named: Alfred Wilkie, Donald Forbes, Charles E. Robson and Miss L. Smith. Miss Kenny gave a recitation cleverly, and Miss Agnes Murphy of Australia recounted some excellent stories new to the Pacific Coast. Selections on the Zonophone by Kohler Chase completed the program.

The election of fifteen directors resulted in the following-named being returned: Prof. H. R. Fairclough, Dr. A. E. Sykes, Geo. Grant, T. E. K. Cormac, T. C. West, Thomas Pennington, Herbert Harris, W. B. Chapman, R. H. Grey, Thomas Price, Wm. Pardy, C. B. Sedgwick, G. A. Wright, J. J. Newbegin, F. W. D'Evelyn.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the B. & A. U. were delightfully entertained at their last social meeting by a talk from a well-known scientist of this city, Prof. Price. The talk was a most novel and instructive one, added interest being given by a display of carefully prepared specimens and microscopic studies illustrative of the subject. Tea was served. The annual election of directors will take place Monday, September 5th, at the regular business meeting, at the usual place. The meeting, following, on September 19th will be the regular social gathering, when guests are invited and welcome to listen. A treat is in store, and an unusually attractive afternoon anticipated. There will be music, and Miss Agnes Murphy, who is now again visiting San Francisco, has kindly consented to talk to the ladies on "Maoris and Maoriland."

We omitted to make mention in our last issue of Mrs. Sadler's tea and enjoyable lawn party tendered the ladies of the Auxiliary before the breaking up for the summer holidays. Mrs. Sadler's hospitality was a pleasure to all who were present.

### Reception to Woman's Auxiliary.

The reception tendered the Woman's Auxiliary on August 19th, at Sherman-Clay Hall, was well attended and in every way a success. Dancing was the main feature, but cards and other amusements held attraction for a number. The dainty refreshments were enjoyed by all. Director T. C. West had charge of the proceedings, and announced the following platform numbers: Song, Mr. Chas. Hildersley; sword dance, Master Bertie Campbell; sailors' hornpipe, Master James Trevethick; song, Mrs. Walter Longbotham; Irish dancing, Francis and Edward Dougherty; song, Miss Veaco; song, Mr. Harry Fossey; song, Mr. J. F. Veaco.

Dr. D'Evelyn welcomed the lady guests in a graceful address and spoke of the great assistance the Auxiliary had given to the work of the Union.

We regret to announce the passing away of two faithful members of the Women's Auxiliary of the B. & A. U. One, Mrs. Caroline Kern, whose death occurred quite suddenly last July at Pacific Grove, was a native of New Zealand, and had been residing up to the time of her death with her little daughter in East Oakland. Another, that of Miss Johanna L. Lange, whose sad death occurred Friday, August 19th. Miss Lange was well known to all the members of the Auxiliary, and endeared herself to everyone through her willing and cheerful disposition. She leaves a brother, who is residing at present in Honolulu.

### In Memory of Scott.

The 133d anniversary of the birth of Sir Walter Scott was fittingly celebrated by the Scottish community on Monday, August 15th. The St. Andrew's Society held exercises in Scottish Hall, followed by a dance. President P. Livingston Dunn gave the opening address, saying among other things that although Scott was a native of the land of mountains and all great and good things, he was in this day the possession of all nations. After his address President Dunn presented the following fine programme: Overture, "Rob Roy," orchestra; song, "Jock o' Hazeldean," Miss Ida Lee Spencer; recitation, "Lochinvar," Mrs. Barrie McKay; song, "The Standard on the Braes o' Mar," Dr. A. K. Crawford; song, "Pibroch o' Donald Dhu," Master Donald Cameron; violin solo, selected, Charles E. Robson; song, "There was a Bonnie Lass," Mrs. A. Reinhold-Denke; duet, "Row Weel, My Boatie, Row Weel," Mrs. R. G. Elrick and Miss Olga F. Herman; song, "My Bairnie," Miss Charlotte O'Brien; song, "Mary of Argyll," Master Donald Cameron.

Rev. Dr. Clappett's address was very pleasing. The main idea in his discourse was the singular purity of Scott, a characteristic which commanded for him pride and respect as well as admiration.

Clan Fraser, No. 78, O. S. C., celebrated the anniversary on an elaborate scale at Eintracht Hall. The address of the evening was by Rev. Geo. C. Adams, who eloquently interpreted the qualities of the great Scottish genius. A series of tableaux, illustrative of scenes in Scott's works was a novel and popular feature. The programme was as follows:

Overture, "Scottish Airs," Fairgrieve's Orchestra; remarks, Chief T. A. Munro; bagpipe selections, Clan Pipers R. McD. Murray, Adam Ross, A. McBeth. Tableaux: Gathering of the Clans, with welcome chorus by clansmen in costume—(a) "The Blue Bonnets are Over the Border," by clansmen; (b) chorus, quartet, "Hail to the Chief" (Scott), Miss H. Heath, Miss M. Judson, F. Onslow, L. A. Larsen; solo, "The Captive Huntsman" (Scott), L. A. Larsen; exhibition dance, "Grand Highland Reel," Miss L. Ferguson, Miss V. Schultz, R. McD. Murray, A. McBeth; address, "Sir Walter Scott," Rev. Geo. C. Adams, D. D.; tableau, The Combat of Fitz James and Rhoderick Dhu, Professor Reid and D. McRae, descriptive remarks by Alex Smith; solo, "Bonnie Dundee" (Scott), F. Onslow; solo, "The Star o' Glengarry," Miss H.

Heath; solo, "The Pibroch o' Donald Dhu" (Scott), Miss M. Judson; tableau, "Capture of Rob Roy"—(a) "At Bay," (b) "Bound." Characters: Rob Roy, Alex Smith; Rashleigh, A. R. Calder; Galbraith, D. Mowatt; MacStuart, R. McD. Murray; Sargent, J. W. King; soldiers, James Davidson, Robert Russell, H. King, R. Stevenson, T. Forsyth, J. T. Smith. Solo, "Standard on the Braes o' Marr," L. A. Larsen; solo, "Loch Lomond," Miss H. Heath. Tableau (a), representing characters from Scott's works: From "Rob Roy"—Helen McGregor, Mrs. S. Rend; Bailie Nicol Jarvie, William R. King; from "Guy Mannering"—Meg Merrelies, Miss J. Ferguson; Dominie Sampson, R. McD. Murray; from "The Heart of Midlothian"—Jeanie Deans, Miss L. Ferguson, Laird o' Dumbiedykes, William Birss; from "The Lady of the Lake"—Helen Douglas, Miss V. Schultz; Fitz James, A. McBeth. Tableau (b), "Country Dance, Patronella," by same characters. Solo, "Mary o' Argyll," F. Onslow; solo, "Jock o' Hazeldean" (Scott), Miss M. Judson; quartet, "O Hush Thee, My Baby" (Scott), Miss H. Heath, Miss M. Judson, F. Onslow, L. A. Larsen.

### Welsh Musical Treat.

Prof. Ap-Madoc's lecture, "Melodies of Wales in Song and Story," was a delightful surprise to all whose good fortune it was to hear it. It was not a lecture in the ordinary sense, but something entirely original, and not easy to class. The professor both spoke and sang, and with the skill of a born entertainer developed his theme more by illustration and example than by dry statement. And one learned more of the singular beauty of Welsh music and its antiquity and interesting development this way than had he been treated to a straight historical disquisition.

The lecturer passed over the well-known and exquisite Welsh melodies, and dealt with those now little known or forgotten. He rendered song-expressions of the bard-harpists of the first ten centuries of the Christian era, and even the century before Christ was illustrated by a peculiar melody. Old Celtic pastorals and martial songs, unsurpassed for their beauty and strength, and set with English words were given together with their romantic stories. It all served to show how deep rooted is the Welsh musical gift.

Prof. Ap-Madoc carried out this remarkable and pleasing program himself, accompanied by Mr. Emyln Lewys, a pianist of extraordinary ability and considerable repute.

Wales claims more than two thousand of these melodic gems, now scarcely known, said the speaker; and more's the pity, say we. They differ from the compositions of all other countries, and breathe of a spirit now extinct.

Prof. Thomas Price, President of the Cymrodarian Society, presided. The society, on a subsequent date, gave a banquet in honor of this distinguished visitor, who is acknowledged to be the highest authority on Celtic music in the world.

### Personal.

Thomas Osmond Hendry is requested to communicate with the undersigned. Anyone knowing his present address would confer a favor by communicating it to

T. E. K. CORMAC,

Attorney and Councillor-at-law, 119 Bush St., San Francisco, California.

Among the readers of the "British Californian" is there an I. O. A. Wanstead, boy, in the State of California? Address A. S. M., Box 351 Vallejo, Cal.

Dr. H. D'Arcy Power and Dr. Florence Power have returned from a summer vacation in Europe.

### C. J. PERRIAM SAFES AND LOCKS

Scales and Cash Registers

Opened and Repaired

Removed from 42 MAIN to

6 MERCHANT STREET

Near East SAN FRANCISCO



### President D'Evelyn Answers "The Stinger."

Members of the Union, there are times when this society must take notice of trespass, more especially so when such trespass is taken, for reasons which are so evident, that none save those who of free choice close their eyes, can fail to see them. Just at present San Francisco very properly is in holiday garb to welcome the Knights. Amongst those visitors are a number of British gentlemen, men of position both in the world and in the Commanderies. Two days ago I had thrust into my letter box this sheet, which you see rejoices in the euphonic title of "The Stinger"; it is, I am informed, issued by an official at the City Hall.

It contains certain paragraphs and personal references, and concludes one of the former by sentiments of this substance: "The entire British nation is sinking under the corruption of bestiality." I want to ask in the name of common decency, assuming such exists in this fair city, why I, as an American citizen, should be compelled to have thrust into my letter receiver such a sheet as this, which in its entirety is so unsavory, so vulgar, so debauched, that it is as loathesome as it is offensive. Why, I ask, is this permitted to be intruded where women and young people are wont to assemble; when its very odor is so mephitic that it exhales an atmosphere which is as lecherous as the plague.

It is political rotteness gone putrid. Why should you, why should your family, simply because you reside in San Francisco, be forced to view the laundrying of the septic linen of nameless scurrility. I hold no brief for the *Evening Post*, or any news agency, but I do hold a brief for righteous interference when I am told that your people, and my people, are degenerate from the sins of Sodom and the iniquities of Gomorrah.

Kinsmen, that is an insult to every drop of blood which flows through your heart; it is an insult to the wife who bears your name, it is an insult to the daughter who embraces you at eventide, and it is an insult to that mother at whose knees you lisped your infant prayers. Must, simply because we are British or colonial born, must our life's profoundest, purest sanctities be polluted by every perfidious parasite which sucks its septic nourishment from the body politic? I ask you whose image and superscription do you bear? He says it is beast. Will you not teach him it is man. But further still, with that typical, half-marked abandonment, not satisfied with his gibes at the living, he thrusts back the portals of the tomb, and nerved, with that valour outborn of the helplessness of the defence, he assails the crumbling bones of the warrior-dead, one who in many an hour of supremest trial displayed the native grandeur of a manhood to which his assailant was never born heir. Men of the heather-hills, men of the claymore and tartan, men of that flag he never turned his back upon; I call upon you to arise and denounce this ghastly scribbler who dared to pollute with his apostate cowardice the name of Hector Macdonald; a man against whom naught was proved; a man who by his superb devotion, had won from the recording angel the tear which blotted out the charge, while she mourned in sorrow as she pondered over man's malignity to man. A man may sin, that is the heirloom of human frailty. But he who traduces the dead has no claim to human manhood save such anatomical peculiarities as differentiate him from the reptile which crawls in the cesspool, from the worm which fattens upon the offal of the pit. But the traducer is not a reptile, for he has no scales; he is not a worm, for has he not upper and lower extremities? No, there is no family, tribe or species in being, created which admits of his classification. Lower than the reptile, more loathesome than the worm, nature rejects him; man abhors him, and hell disowns him. There he stands pedestalled by himself. In the beginning God created

man—he was not included. Members, this is our measurement of the writer of these paragraphs; kinsmen, let us shirk not our duties. Let us if we are unable to protect our homes, let us by all that is sacred defend our graves. Clansmen, Knights of the Cross, men of St. Andrew, Frasers, men of the banks and braes, will ye remain silent and allow the name of your great kinsmen to be scoffed at and maligned to please the whims of prostituted manhood?

For me, having fought with him, the mountain shall ever remain greater than the shadow and in my appreciation of his native-work I donate fifty dollars to any local testimony in memoriam of Hector Macdonald.

[In this connection the *Wasp* contains a pertinent paragraph. It says: "To a disinterested observer it would hardly seem that Mr. Coffroth's strenuous life as a publisher of obscenity, the promoter of prize fights, and proprietor of a large beer hall, does not harmonize with the idea of what the secretary of such an august body as the Superior Bench of San Francisco should be. Is it not more suggestive of Oklahoma than the cultured metropolis of the Pacific? What are the Superior Judges going to do with their secretary, James Coffroth, editor of "The Stinger"?"]

### Auxiliary Elects Directors.

The Woman's Auxiliary of the British and American Union held its annual meeting and election of directors on Monday afternoon, the 5th inst. President Mrs. G. A. Wright, in her annual address, thanked the members of the loyal way in which they had sustained the chair and the directorate during the past months, and said that credit was especially due the two secretaries, Mrs. Thayer and Mrs. Grey, for the efficient manner in which the Auxiliary's business had been transacted. Balloting was then proceeded with, the result being the election of the following-named members to serve on the Board of Directors for a term of one year: Mesdames Brucker, Searby, Walker, Sadler, Macdonald, Hutchings, Dane, Arimtage, Wright, Grey, Thayer, Kemp, Leach, Harrison and Miss Bessie Wright. The Directors will elect their officers in the near future.

### Ben Greet Company to Appear.

An event of great interest to our British public is the tour of the famous Ben Greet Company of London players, which opens at Lyric Hall, on Eddy street between Mason and Taylor, Monday night, October 3, presenting the beautiful morality play of the fifteenth century, "Everyman," to be followed by a week of Shakespearean comedy and old English plays. The name of Ben Greet is associated with the best dramatic events in London, and the entire company which he brings with him are artists who have made successes there. The play is one that appeals to all classes, for besides being intensely dramatic it is deeply religious and has received the indorsement of the clergy of all denominations. Full particulars will be found in our advertising columns. As the Archbishop of Cincinnati wrote Mr. Greet, "No person can witness this beautiful production without being the better man or woman for it." Our citizens should not miss this opportunity to take the young folks to see a play of this character.

### San Jose Britons.

An open meeting of the British-Californian Association was held August 26 at San Jose. A large number of members and friends were present to enjoy a social evening and to be entertained with a fine program, consisting of music, speeches and readings, rendered by members of the association.

After the president had taken the chair applications for membership were received and eight new names were added to the list of active members. Following this an interesting program was rendered, and much enjoyed by all present. The numbers and performers were as follows: Song, "Little Boy Blue" (Field), Leroy McCollum; encore, "The Mocking Bird"; reading, W. H. Rogers; song, "Winter Lullaby," Miss Gladys Argall; song, "I Fear No Foe" (Pinsute), C. J. Cromarty; speech, Dr. Darlow, and an address by G. R. Bent.

Refreshments were served by the ladies of the association to the assembled guests and the remainder of the evening was spent in pleasant discourse.

On Friday evening, the 23d inst., Mr. T. C. West, of the British and American Union, San Francisco, will address the association.

Dr. E. W. Thomas has given a free bed in his sanatorium, at 2235 Post street, San Francisco, for two weeks in each year, as a contribution to the British Benevolent Society.

### Dr. Charles W. Decker, Dentist.

Rooms 6-8-10-48, Phelan Building, entrance 806 Market street. Specialty: "Colton Gas" for the painless extracting of teeth.

### About California.

Five illustrated books, post free, for 10 cents. E. H. Rydall, 218 South Broadway, Los Angeles, California.

NOW READY—"THE DELICIOUS LIFE-SAVING KISS": A Story of the Spanish-American War and of All Time, by Verus Cassander. Full of pathos, humor, interest and instruction. Write for circular to Dr. Henry Egbert, Box 2228, P. O., San Francisco.

## SUGAR

### 50 lbs. \$1.00

Get acquainted with our Quality Groceries by ordering Combination No. 50. Send \$8.60; we pay the express or freight.

50 lbs. best Granulated Cane Sugar, white and dry.....	\$1.00
18 lbs. new fancy head Table Rice, very best.....	1.00
10 lb. pall pure Leaf Lard, Rex or Swift.....	1.10
5 lbs. fancy English Breakfast Spider Leg or Ceylon Tea.....	2.50
5 lbs. Mocha and Java Coffee, roast or ground, none better.....	1.50
5 lbs. pure Baking Powder, Eastern "Cream".....	1.50
	\$8.60

Everything guaranteed—Money back. Trial sample of any item mailed free. We are the largest Mail Order House on the Pacific Coast.

SMITHS' CASH STORE, Inc.  
25 Market Street, SAN FRANCISCO  
Please mention this paper when ordering.

## \$1

Suits Cleaned and Tailor Pressed, \$1.

Suits called for and delivered FREE OF CHARGE. Send postal.

## Bon Marche Clothing Renovatory

L. B. NORDLUND, Mgr.

410 Examiner Building

Phone Drumm 44

## WHAT IS..... LUSTRELAC?

It Imitates perfectly NATURAL WOODS.  
For FLOORS, FURNITURE, WOODWORK, ETC.

All Dealers and Bass-Hueter Paint Co., 816 Mission St., nr. 4th

## IT'S THE IDEAL FINISH



Sons of St. George.

**B**URNABY LODGE, during the past month, has had the pleasure of receiving into its membership the following applicants: Alfred Bridges, Charles L. Stokes and Samuel H. Mitchell.

Much interest is being shown in the coming entertainment and dance to be given by the lodge on September 17th, in Laurel Hall, 32 O'Farrell street. The affair will be invitational to members and their families and friends, and a large attendance is expected.

On August 27th, Bro. J. H. D. Johnson, chief steward of the steamship *Siberia*, gave an interesting account of the methods adopted by Japan in mobilizing and transporting her troops to Korea. Bro. T. Booth of Albion Lodge, Oakland, gave his views on the recent session of the Grand Lodge, after which the free trade policy adopted by England was discussed by many of the brothers, and proved a highly interesting subject for debate.

Bro. Geo. E. Fisher of Burnaby Lodge has been appointed District Deputy Grand President for San Francisco.

Pickwick Lodge held its first meeting in its new quarters, 220 Golden Gate avenue, last Monday evening. The accommodations are a decided improvement and the members anticipate some comfortable evenings. A "house-warming" party will be given next month.

Albion Lodge, Oakland, enjoyed a rousing stag social on Tuesday, August 30th. The members turned out in force and manifested the keenest interest in the program which had been prepared for their amusement. A fine wrestling match and clever exhibitions of juggling proved welcome diversions. President Austin Lewis was in the chair.

Jubilee Lodge, Sacramento, entertained visitors from Grass Valley and Nevada City Lodges at a special function in their honor on August 27th. Granger's Hall was elaborately decorated for the occasion and presented a pretty picture. A fine collation was served and immensely enjoyed by all. The programme was a good one, and of much variety. The following visitors from San Francisco were present: Grand President W. G. Johnson (who made a stirring address), Grand Secretary Thomas Poyser, District Deputy Geo. E. Fisher, Samuel Creba, Hugh Williamson and Maurice Tober. President T. S. Stillwell presided and made a hearty address of welcome. The visitors from Grass Valley and Nevada City and from San Francisco returned home with a high opinion of the Capital City's sense of hospitality.

The fraternity in Los Angeles is making good use of its opportunities and as a result is becoming stronger than ever. Smokers are held at frequent intervals and the uninitiated Englishmen skillfully induced to accept invitations to be present. Brother E. H. Rydall, Southern representative of the "British Californian," on behalf of himself and the paper, recently presented the lodge with a handsome framed picture of King Edward, and at a subsequent meeting completed the gift with a companion picture of the Queen, framed in gold. These donations were received with much enthusiasm by the assembled brothers and Brother Rydall and the "British Californian" were thanked for their kindness.

At the last meeting of the lodge ex-President Robert Sharp, who is one of the most active and successful workers the lodge has, was presented with a fine framed engraving of their Majesties by his brother members. He was much pleased with the token of esteem.

In the near future a large open meeting will be held in San Jose, the purpose being to attract new members and to work up sufficient enthusiasm to get a lodge of the Daughters started.

Riverside Lodge, at a smoker held July 13, acquired seven new members and on August 10th as many more. The new lodge is progressing finely.

Daughters of St. George.

**O**WING to the expiration of lease of Pythian Hall Association, Britannia Lodge No. 7 will remove to Scandia Hall, 161 City Hall ave., on September 1st. Lodge will meet hereafter every Tuesday instead of Monday.

On September 28th Britannia Lodge will give a grand entertainment and dance in Scottish Hall, 107 Larkin street. Members of the committee are exercising special efforts to make this the success of the season. A specially prepared program will be produced. R. M.

Empress Victoria Lodge will occupy new quarters at Red Men's Hall, 220 Golden Gate avenue, on and after the 5th inst. The "at home" given by the lodge on August 1st was a most successful affair. A good musical programme, games and refreshments were features which furnished amusement and pleasure to all present. The affair was invitational.

A very pleasant and genuine surprise party was given on Wednesday eve to Mrs. C. Hopps, the Worthy Vice-President of Empress Victoria Lodge, at her new residence on Waller street. The evening was devoted to instrumental and vocal selections and games. An excellent duet for violin and piano was rendered by Miss Ruby Witts and T. Nowlan. Refreshments were served and a very enjoyable evening was spent. A number of the Sons of St. George participated.

The British Pavilion.

Among the various pavilions erected by foreign Governments at St. Louis that erected by the British Commission is a reproduction of Wren's Orangery at Kensington Gardens. It is not, therefore, necessary to describe it to English readers. The solidity of its construction and its simplicity have made it conspicuous. Its solidity is such that it is good for at least 50 years, whereas the average life of this form of structure at best is stated to be not to exceed nine years. For this reason a movement is already on foot to purchase this building for the Washington University and to make it a club house for the students. As it stands on the University grounds, it would naturally be well suited for this purpose. In this case, the old English garden, which covers an area of three or four acres, and which has cost several thousand pounds, would be allowed to remain in its original condition.

Death of Rev. E. B. Church.

Religious and educational circles are mourning the loss of Rev. Edward B. Church, well known as a clergyman of the Episcopal Church and as the founder and head of Irving Institute. He passed away at Pasadena, August 26th, after a lingering illness. He was liked and admired by all who knew him.

St. Andrew's Society.

"Mountaineering in the High Sierras" was the subject of an address delivered before the St. Andrew's Society at a recent social gathering, by Mr. William Balnaves, who spent his vacation this year with the Sierra Club. His description of the Sierra country was extremely interesting.

The Scotch people have always been particularly happy in what might be called the ready retort, an answer not only witty but wise. Take the exquisite humor of the old maiden lady of Montrose, who, when asked to subscribe to a volunteer corps fund in that town, replied:

"Indeed, I'll do nae sic thing. I ne'er could raise a man for myself, and I'm no gean to raise men for the king."

The number of furnaces in blast in the United Kingdom for the quarter ended June 30 last was 329, and the estimated make of pig iron for the half year is 4,218,000 tons.

Items of Interest.

Of 44,231 foreigners visiting Switzerland last year, 12,011 were from England, and 520 from the United States.

The average life of a locomotive on the railways of England is twenty-six years. In the United States the life of an engine is but eighteen years.

The clock placed in the hall of the Holborn Borough Council is at least 250 years old and has been in the possession of the local authorities for that period. It still keeps good time.

Mrs. Edgecombe, of Surbiton, who celebrated her 100th anniversary recently, has lived during the reign of five sovereigns. After the battle of Waterloo she had the distinction of being kissed by the Duke of Wellington.

A peal of 720 "bob minor" has been rung at St. Andrew's, Bradfield, Berkshire, by Miss M. Chillingworth, the first lady to do this on the plain "bob" method. The church has the only complete band of lady bell-ringers in England.

The New York Sun quotes a letter from Dr. Muller, who was at the death-bed of ex-President Kruger, in which it is related that shortly before his death Mr. Kruger said: "I no longer hate the English. It is a pity there was a war, but I believe that everything will come out right in the end."

The mother of Washington is described as a beautiful girl. She was called the "Rose of Epping Forest." At 26 she married Augustine Washington, a widower and a gentleman of high standing and noble character. She made her new home in the large, old-fashioned Colonial house on the banks of the Potomac.

Scottish Day at the St. Louis World's Fair, August 15th, was a brilliant success. One of the finest features of the celebration was a grand parade, led by ninety-two pipers and a company of Highlanders; also a company of the Royal Lancers. There was a splendid entertainment, a sham battle and a reception at the Burns Cottage.

"Eat California Fruit" is the title of an attractive booklet issued by the Southern Pacific Company. It calls attention to the varieties of Californian fruit, and gives some excellent recipes for their use. The number of these recipes is surprising, and even the Californian housewife will find many of the suggestions new. Copies are furnished gratis on application.

The biggest water pipe in the world—capable, it is said, of holding any average river—is now being laid by the Ontario Power Company on the Canadian side of Niagara Falls. The gigantic pipe, which is made of steel throughout, is a mile and a quarter in length and sixty feet in circumference. The steel plates from which the big tube is being made will have the thickness of one-half inch, and in putting them together 200 tons of rivets will be required.

The floral clock at the eastern corner of the Allan Ramsay statue in Princes Street Gardens, Edinburgh, is again proving very attractive. The clock itself has a diameter of about twelve feet—the hour numerals being clearly picked out in Golden Feather and Echeverria—and while last year the arrangement admitted only of the "hour" hand being used, the "minute" hand has been added this year. The clock work is lodged in the base of the monument, and has a lateral driving shaft to the centre of the dial bed.

The Eighth International Geographic Congress will be held in September at Washington. D. C. Commander Robert E. Peary, U. S. N., will preside. The Pacific Coast will be represented by George Davidson, President of the Geographical Society of the Pacific; Dr. F. W. D'Evelyn, President of the Geographical Society of California; John Muir, Sierra Club, and David Starr Jordan. Dr. D'Evelyn will present a paper on "The Climatology of the Lowlands and Watershed Terraces of Natal."



## Directory of British Societies.

## SONS OF ST. GEORGE.

The Order Sons of St. George is a fraternal and social organization having branch lodges in all the principal cities of the United States and Canada. The benefits are a weekly payment in case of sickness; a death benefit on the decease of a member or his wife, and the services of a first-class physician, with medicine, whenever necessary. In most lodges the dues are \$1 per month; social members 25 cents. Full particulars will be forwarded by the Secretary of any lodge on request.  
Grand President...W. G. Johnson, 1529 Chu ch St., S. F.  
Grand Secretary...T. Poyser, 217 Eighth St., S. F.  
Grand Treasurer...T. W. Butcher, 4150 20th St., S. F.

## SAN FRANCISCO.

## BURNABY LODGE, No. 194.

Meets every Saturday evening at 32 O'Farrell St.  
Worthy President...Thomas Wood  
Worthy Secretary...R. I. Airey

## PICKWICK LODGE, No. 259.

Meets Mondays; Red Men's Hall, 220 G. G. Ave.  
W. President...Wm Wood  
Worthy Secretary...T. Poyser, 217 8th St.

## OAKLAND. ALBION LODGE, No. 206.

Meets Tuesday evenings at Gier's Hall,  
Worthy President...A. Lewis  
Worthy Secretary, J. J. Roberts, 12th & Market

## ALAMEDA. DERBY LODGE, No. 285.

Meet Tuesdays at Linderman's Hall.  
Worthy President...Eric James  
Worthy Secretary...Fred Miller

## SAN JOSE. VICTORY LODGE, No. 287.

Meets 2d and 4th Mondays, Pythias Hall.  
Worthy President...H. Tregoning, College Park  
Worthy Sec'y...E. W. Maynard, 112 S. First St.

## NEW ALMADEN

## GENERAL GORDON LODGE, No. 286.

Meets Tuesday evenings.  
Worthy President...J. F. Kessel  
Worthy Secretary...S. F. Carter

## SACRAMENTO.

## JUBILEE LODGE, No. 424

Meets Thursday Evenings, Wagner Hall, 5th St.  
Worthy President...T. S. Stillwell, 215 16th St.  
Worthy Secretary...W. H. Button, 900 M St.

## GRASS VALLEY.

## VICTORIA LODGE, No. 289.

Meets every Tuesday evening at Fraternal Hall.  
Worthy President...Martin Wallace  
Worthy Secretary...M. W. Argal

## NEVADA CITY.

## PRINCE ALBERT LODGE, No. 462.

Meets 2d and 4th Saturday eves; Pythian Castle.  
Worthy President...N. W. Bennett  
Worthy Sec'y...Thos. H. Waters, Nevada City

## LOS ANGELES.

## ROYAL OAK LODGE, No. 220.

Meets Mondays at 119 S. Spring St.  
W. President...F. J. Moore  
W. Secretary...Ed. Cooper, 1947 Estrella Ave.

## PASADENA.

## ALEXANDRA LODGE, No. 385.

Meets 2d and 4th Fridays in Pythian Hall.  
Worthy President...G. E. Shoebridge  
W. Secretary...T. P. Adney, Box 401, Pasadena

## DAUGHTERS OF ST. GEORGE

## SAN FRANCISCO.

## BRITANNIA LODGE, No. 7.

Meets every Monday night, 161 City Hall Ave.  
Worthy President...Mrs. S. Hagan  
W. F. Sec...Mrs. R. Meadows, 328 Ellis St.

## EMPRESS VICTORIA LODGE, No. 142

Meets Mondays, Red Men's Hall, 220 G. G. Ave.  
Wy. Pres...Mrs. J. Putney  
Wy. F. Secty...Mrs. H. Williams, 2525 Post St.

## LOS ANGELES.

## VICTORIA LODGE, No. 138.

Meets every 2d and 4th Friday, 8 p. m., at  
Caledonia Hall, 119 1/2 S. Spring Street.  
W. Pres...Mrs. A. Matthews  
W. Sec...Miss A. B. Gresswell, 4120 Central Ave.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY  
OF CALIFORNIA.

Object: To relieve distress amongst Subjects  
of the Empire in California.

Bis dat qui dat cito.

The Empire expects that every man will do his  
duty.

H. M. Consul-General, President ex Officio.

H. Kestell Cornish, Secretary.

Office: British Consulate-General,  
San Francisco.

## ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

SAN FRANCISCO.

The St. Andrew's Society was organized September, 1863, by the Benevolent Scotchmen of San Francisco, for the purpose of assisting the deserving poor of Scottish blood. It meets every Monday Evening, at Scottish Hall.

President...P. Livingston Dunn  
Treasurer...D. R. Wilson  
Recording Secretary...Joseph Black  
Financial Secretary...R. D. Colquhoun  
Board of Relief—John M. Duncan, James Kay.

## CALEDONIAN CLUB.

Meets twice a month on the first and third  
Friday evenings, at Scottish Hall, S. F.

Chief...A. M. Macpherson  
1st Chieftain...S. McGregor  
2d Chieftain...F. F. Finlay  
3d Chieftain and Secretary...Jas. H. Duncan  
4th Chieftain...J. W. Cameron  
Physician...Dr. J. A. J. McDonald  
Directors—Neil Lindsay, Rod Chisholm, W. W.  
Finlayson, J. B. Johnstone, R. McD. Murray.

## SCOTTISH THISTLE CLUB.

Meets on the second and fourth Thursday  
evenings of each month at 32 O'Farrell St.

Royal Chief...Geo. W. Paterson  
Chieftain...David Young  
Recorder...Alex. E. Carlisle  
Treasurer...John Ross  
Financial Secretary...Jas. Tod  
Property-man...I. W. Davidson  
Sergeant at Arms...Wm. Crystal  
Trustees...Thos. Christie  
W. Campbell  
R. H. Murray

## CLAN FRASER, No. 78, O. S. C.

## OBJECTS OF THE CLAN

1st. The objects of the Clan shall be to establish a fund for the relief of sick Clansmen and to extend to them succor and sympathy "in time o' need."

2d. To institute and maintain a bequeathment fund for the benefit of widows and orphans of deceased Clansmen.

3d. To cultivate fond recollections of Scotland and to recall its history, its people, its customs, its amusements and the days o' Auld Lang Syne.

## MEMBERSHIP

Active membership is confined to Scotchmen, sons or immediate descendants of sons of Scotchmen or Scotch-women, not under 18 years of age nor over 50 years.

## BENEFITS

The Order pays death benefits of \$250, \$500, \$1,000 and \$2,000.

Active members, in case of sickness or accident, receive the sum of \$5.00 or \$7.50 per week, also physician's attendance, free of charge.  
Funeral benefit, \$25.00

## FEES AND DUES

Active members, initiation fee, - \$3.00  
Active members, monthly dues, 75c or 1.00  
Honorary members, initiation fee, 3.00  
Honorary members, yearly dues, - 2.00

The Clan meets twice a month, on the first and third Thursday evenings, at 32 O'Farrell Street, San Francisco.

Chief...T. A. Monroe  
Secretary...Alex. King, Jr.

CLAN MACDONALD (of Glencoe)  
OAKLAND, CAL.

Meets second and fourth Fridays (8 p. m.),  
Fraternal Hall, 14th and Washington Sts.

Chief...A. G. Rhodes  
Secretary...A. Proctor, 814 33d St., Oakland

## The British and American Union.

927 MARKET ST., SAN FRANCISCO

PREAMBLE—Recognizing that the peoples of the British Empire and the United States are closely allied by blood, inherit the same literature and laws, hold the same principles of self-government, and share the same ideas of freedom, humanity and progress, it shall be the object of this Union to strengthen and make permanent the political, social and commercial bonds which unite the two nations.

Any person of British or American birth is entitled to membership. Dues \$1 per quarter. No initiation fee. Open meetings held on the first Friday evening in each month at Academy of Sciences Hall.

President, F. W. D'Evelyn, 109 Phelan Bldg.;  
Corresponding Secretary, R. H. Grey, 123 California St.; Recording and Financial Secretary, C. B. Sedgwick, 927 Market St.; Treasurer, Wm. Parly, 10 Pine Street.

## Woman's Auxiliary, B. &amp; A. U.

Meets first and third Mondays at 2 p. m.; Sherman-Clay Hall, 223 Sutter street, San Francisco. Visitors welcome. President, Mrs. G. A. Wright; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. R. H. Grey.

## Cymrodorion Society.

Meets 2d Tuesday in each month, at 927 Market  
President...Prof. Thos. Price  
Recording Secretary...H. T. Roberts

Telephone Folsom 1773

## The "Abbotsford"

LAURISTON & ROSS.

## English Ale and Porter on Draught

122 Eddy Street, Between Mason and Taylor, San Francisco

The A. VAN DER NAILLEN SCHOOL OF PRACTICAL MINING, CIVIL, MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING, Metallurgy, Cyanide Process, &c. Surveying, Architecture, Drawing and Assaying, 113 Fulton St., one block west of City Hall, San Francisco, Cal. Open all year. Assaying of Ores, \$25; Bullion and Chlorination Assay, \$25; Blowpipe Assay, \$10. Full Course of Assaying \$50. Established 1864. B. C. Gov. Examinations—send for catalogue.

Office Hours: Until 8:30 a. m., 12 to 2, 6 to 7 p. m.

Telephone Jackson 3896

## The Thomas Sanatorium

Medical, Surgical, and Maternity cases received.

Prices moderate; accommodations first-class.

X-Ray Examinations and Pictures Made.

2235 POST STREET

BETWEEN SCOTT AND DEVISADERO STS., S. F.

DR. E. W. THOMAS, Physician and Surgeon

## J. W. TREVETHICK

## Brush Manufacturer

Machine and Dandy Brushes a Specialty.

1603 MISSION ST., nr. 12th - S. F.

H. WILLIAMSON  
(Pickwick)

A. H. TURNBULL  
(Burnaby)

## PACIFIC BUILDING AND JOBBING CO.

Carpenters and Builders  
Office and Store Fittings

612-614 CLAY STREET SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

TELEPHONE BLACK 4702

## C. HOULT &amp; CO.

507 KEARNY, near California St., SAN FRANCISCO

## TRUSSES

## SHOULDER-BRACES

## and SUPPORTERS

All Kinds of Instruments for Club-Feet, Knock-Knees  
Bow-Legs, Weak Ankles and All Sorts  
of Spine Apparatus  
Elastic Stockings for the Cure  
of Enlarged Veins of the Leg

## HALSTED &amp; CO.

## Undertakers and Embalmers

946 Mission Street

SAN FRANCISCO

TELEPHONE SOUTH 163.



Telephone Brown 516

## The Palms Restaurant

...and Lunch Place...

783 MARKET STREET  
SAN FRANCISCO

ED. E. HESSE, Proprietor

Maybe you would like to have a Fine Photo  
taken, if so try

## FOWZER

1148 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.  
OPP. HALE'S

You will never regret it.

TELEPHONE JESSIE 443

J. H. WILEY

DEALER IN **FURNITURE**

Carpets, Bedding, Stoves, Etc.

931 MISSION ST. NEAR FIFTH

## H. LE BARON SMITH BRITISH-AMERICAN TAILOR

Also a fine line of Ready-made Clothing

320 Bush Street - - San Francisco

## CARPETS!

John Watts

PHONE  
JESSIE 321

LONDON CARPET PLANNER

Reliable Carpet Cleaning, Laying, Renovating  
and Alteration Works.

Office, 410 McAllister Street  
Bet. Polk and Van Ness, S. F.

Bordered or plain linoleum and oil cloth laying. Carpets  
taken up, altered, sewed and relaid at short notice.  
Spots taken out of carpets. Dealer in new and  
second hand carpets. Estimates given.

## Tesla Coal Briquettes

More Useful for  
Household Purposes than any  
Known Fuel

LIGHTS QUICKLY  
BURNS LIKE COKE  
GIVES GREAT HEAT

NO COAL DUST

BURNS CLEANLY

NO WASTE ASHES

SAVES TIME AND MONEY

\$6.00 Ton RETAIL \$3.50 Half Ton

10th and Channel Sts.

TELEPHONE SOUTH 95 SAN FRANCISCO

**EDISON** PHONOGRAPHS  
MOULDED RECORDS  
**ARE THE BEST**  
NATIONAL PHONO. CO. ORANGE, N. J.  
PETER BACIGALUPI, AGENT  
788 MISSION ST., S. F.

FOR SAFETY, SPEED and COMFORT  
TAKE THE OLD RELIABLE



Calling at Queenstown  
RECORD PASSAGE  
**5 DAYS, 7 HRS, 23 MIN.**

The Oldest Line Crossing the Atlantic  
When you send for friends or go to the Old Country  
**BEAR IN MIND**

THE TWIN SCREW STEAMSHIPS  
**LUCANIA & CAMPANIA**  
620 Feet Long, 30,000 Horse Power.

The Fastest Steamers on N. Y. Liverpool Route

THE FAST EXPRESS STEAMERS  
**UMBRIA and ETRURIA**  
525 Feet Long, 14,500 Horse Power

THE NEW TWIN SCREW STEAMSHIP  
**CARPATHIA** { 558 Feet Long.  
Carrying 2nd and 3rd Class only

THE MAMMOTH TWIN SCREW STEAMSHIPS  
**IVERNIA and SAXONIA**  
600 Feet Long, 14,150 Tons. Two of the Largest

Steamers that Ever Entered Port of Boston  
**AURANIA** { 2nd & 3rd  
Class Only.

SATURDAY and EXTRA TUESDAY fortnightly Sailings  
from New York and Liverpool TUESDAY from Boston  
and Liverpool, Calling at Queenstown.

F. G. WHITING, Mgr., Dearborn and Randolph, Chicago  
S. F. BOOTH, 1 Montgomery St., San Francisco, Cal.

OR OUR LOCAL AGENTS EVERYWHERE

ORLAN CLYDE CULLEN, C. E. LL. M.

Counsellor at Law, U. S. Supreme Court.  
Registered Attorney U. S. Patent Office.

**U. S. and Foreign Patents  
Caveats**

Trade Marks and Copyrights

Military and Naval Inventions a Specialty.

Address Box 264,  
Station C, WASHINGTON, D. C.

GUN SHOP AND MODEL SHOP:  
Warren White Sulphur Springs,  
Totten Postoffice, Virginia.

## W. R. WHYTE SHORTHAND REPORTER TYPIST

Removed from 214 Pine Street to Rooms 59-60,  
Crocker Building, S. F.

## HEALD'S

HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post Street, San  
Francisco—Bookkeeping, shorthand, typing, languages,  
telegraphy, English branches; civil, electrical and  
mining engineering, etc.; day and night sessions; new  
eighty-page catalogue free.

BROTHER  
**A. W. MARTIN**  
(BURNABY LODGE)

**FUNERAL DIRECTOR  
AND EMBALMER**

319 O'Farrell St., S. F.

TELEPHONE SOUTH 535

## Vincent's Market, Oakland.

Rib Steak, 3 pounds.....25c  
Beef Roast .....8c  
Beef to Boil .....5c, 6c, 7c  
Round Steak .....10c  
Loin Steak .....12½c  
Porterhouse .....15c  
Mutton Chops .....10c  
Shoulder Lamb .....6c  
Legs Veal .....11c  
Legs Mutton .....10c  
Pork Steak .....11c  
Pork Roast .....10c  
Sausages, 3 pounds for.....25c  
Prime Rib Beef .....12½c  
853 Washington street. Phone Main 161.

## G. W. McKEAND

Searcher of Records

...for Alameda County

OFFICES: 458 Eighth Street  
West of Broadway

OAKLAND

TELEPHONE No. 128 Ice Cream and Charlotte Russe  
made to Order

## Cape Ann Bakery

HUGH HAMILTON

Birthday and Wedding Cakes  
Artistically Ornamented . . .

COFFEE AND DINING ROOMS

569 to 577 Twelfth Street, Bet. Jefferson and Clay

OAKLAND, CAL.

City Telephone BLUE 1518 City Address,  
2852 MISSION ST., S. F.

## ADAM HANNAH & CO. STONE AND MONUMENTAL WORKS

At Jewish Cemeteries and near Cypress Lawn  
SAN MATEO CO., CAL.

Estimates Given on all kinds of Cemetery Works; also  
on Moving Improvements from any of the City  
Cemeteries, and Draying in all its branches.

C. A. Fisher, Pres. W. C. Wise, Vice-Pres.  
J. S. Andrews, Sec'y & Treas.

Established in 1851

## FISHER & CO., Inc.

Hatters and Furnishers

9 Montgomery St. San Francisco



RELIEVE FEVERISH HEAT,  
PREVENT FITS, CONVULSIONS, &c.  
PRESERVE A HEALTHY STATE OF THE  
CONSTITUTION DURING THE PERIOD OF  
TEETHING.

See that the words "JOHN STEEDMAN,  
Chemist, Walworth, Surrey," are engraved on  
Government Stamp affixed to each packet

Sold by all Leading Druggists.



**THE AURAPHONE** a NEW  
invention which will RESTORE the  
Hearing of anyone not BORN deaf,  
will prevent DEAFNESS, correct  
defective hearing and enable any-  
one to hear the faintest sound.  
INVISIBLE IN THE EAR, causing no  
discomfort. Send for pamphlet.  
F. F. FINLAY,  
629 ELLIS ST. San Francisco

**CURTAS**  
IS THE NAME WE ASK  
YOU TO REMEMBER  
WHEN ABOUT TO  
PURCHASE A PIANO.  
16, 18, 20, O'FARRELL ST. S. F.

Get Your Winter Supply

Lay in Your Winter Supply





## DON'T RUIN YOUR EYES

**Mayerle's Glasses Are Invariably Recommended by Every Wearer.**

Geo. Mayerle's Antiseptic Eyeglass Wipers, 2 for 25c  
German Eyewater makes weak eyes strong, sore eyes well. Rests tired eyes. Price, 50c; by mail, 62c.  
GEO. MAYERLE, German Expert Optician,  
Seventh and Market Sts., San Francisco.

## OLD ENGLISH SONGS

50 Popular Old English Songs  
and Ballads, in One Book  
A Collection Without Equal

Sent to any address for 25 cents  
THE BRITISH CALIFORNIAN, 927 Market St., S. F.

## TONKIN

PHOTOGRAPHER

1227 and 1490 Market Street

SAN FRANCISCO

## TOOTH HINTS

I have no so-called corps of specialists. I employ no one. I do all my work and am responsible for same. I cannot afford to do poor work. It does not pay me. I do as I advertise. A call will convince you.

DR. A. L. SIMPSON, Dentist, 1206 Market St.

## IRVING INSTITUTE.

Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies.

2126 California Street.

Accredited to the Universities.  
Conservatory of Music, Art and Elocution.  
Primary Department for Little Girls.  
Reopens Aug. 4th. For Catalogue address the Principa  
Rev. EDWARD B. CHURCH, A. M.

## JACOB SCHMITT

Bookbinder

668 Geary St., San Francisco

Near Leavenworth

TELEPHONE LARKIN 2856

## A. P. HOTALING'S OLD KIRK WHISKEY

What time and good treatment will do is shown in the production of the OLD KIRK whiskey. When it was put up it was only six years old; but the warm storage and the second cooperage makes it as good and as pure as the best twenty-year old whiskey in the United States.

Compare it yourself and see if this isn't so.

## Eagleson's

Fancy Shirts Hosiery  
Neck Dress Underwear, Etc.

Reliable Goods at Popular Prices  
SAN FRANCISCO

748-750 MARKET STREET and  
242 MONTGOMERY STREET  
SACRAMENTO - 717 K Street  
LOS ANGELES - 112 S. Spring Street

## GEORGE E. MILLER CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

614 & 616 Commercial Street  
Bet. Kearny & Montgomery

Stone and Office Fitting a Specialty  
TELEPHONE BLACK 2001

## HOME BAKERY

1227 Broadway, Oakland

Dining and Lunch Room Best Home Cooking.  
Eastern Style.  
\$5.00 Meal Tickets for \$4.50.

E. W. BURNHAM, Proprietor

## CONTINENTAL

### Building and Loan Association

Established in 1889

Subscribed capital	-	-	-	\$12,000,000 00
Paid in Capital	-	-	-	2,000,000 00
Profit and Reserve Fund	-	-	-	250,000 00
Monthly Income	-	-	-	over 100,000 00

ITS PURPOSE IS—To help its members to build homes, also to make loans on improved property, the members giving first liens on their real estate as security.

To help its Stockholders to earn from 8 to 12 per cent. interest on their stock, and allow them to open deposit accounts bearing interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

Home Office: 301 California St., San Francisco, Cal.

WM. CORBIN, Secretary and General Manager

## WHITE STAR LINE

U. S. Mail Twin-Screw Steamers

Boston - Queenstown - Liverpool

Boston - Naples - Genoa

## DOMINION LINE

Portland (Me.) - Liverpool

Montreal - Quebec - Liverpool

MAGNIFICENT NEW STEAMERS. UNSURPASSED ACCOMMODATIONS

For Sailings and Rates Apply to

C. D. TAYLOR, Pass. Agt. for the Pacific Coast

21 POST STREET, SAN FRANCISCO

## DOREY & CUNNINGHAM

Men's Underwear, Shirts, Collars and Cuffs, Gloves, Neckties,  
Etc. The Best Makes Only in Stock

509 MONTGOMERY STREET

4 MARKET STREET

302 MARKET STREET

Phone Main 1812

## SPRATTS PATENT



## DOG BISCUITS REMEDIES SOAP

"Sanitas" Disinfectants

Factory and Offices

NEWARK, N. J.

Branches - ST. LOUIS, MO.

AND

1324 Valencia St.

San Francisco, Cal.

Send for free copy of "DOG CULTURE."

GEORGE W. LUNT.

Telephone: MISSION 7

HENRY C. BUNKER

FUNERALS QUIETLY CONDUCTED BY

## BUNKER & LUNT

Undertakers

2666 MISSION STREET - - - SAN FRANCISCO

Mission Masonic Temple

Embalming a Specialty

Lady Attendants



I. S. R. Tevendale Nell Lindsay

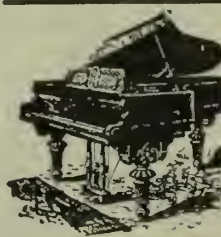
Tevendale & Lindsay

WINES and LIQUORS

536 SACRAMENTO ST.

SAN FRANCISCO

Telephone Red 5069



## WM. WALKER

Manufacturer of PIANOS and ORGANS

TUNING AND REPAIRING

1259 Mission St., S. F.

## LASH'S BITTERS

TONIC LAXATIVE

BOOKBINDING

ENGRAVING

WALSH  
PRINTING CO.  
621 CLAY ST.

TELEPHONE BLACK 120.

BET. MONTGOMERY & KEARNY.